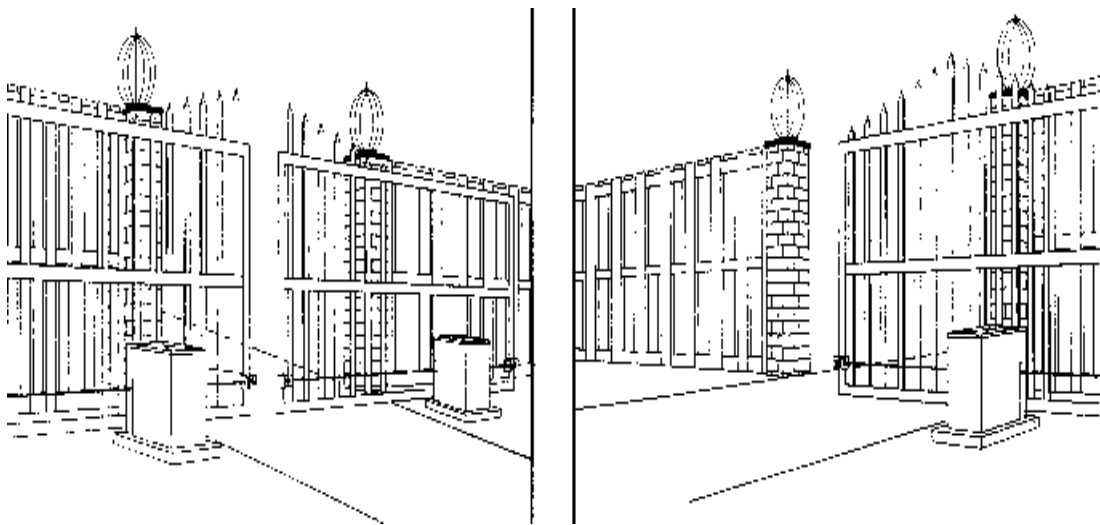


SSL

INSTALLATION GUIDE



OSCO[®]

OPERATOR SPECIALTY COMPANY, INC.

CASNOVIA, MI 49318 • U.S.A.



**UL325 COMPLIANCE REQUIRES THE USE OF CONTACT EDGES
OR PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROLS ON ALL AUTOMATIC OR
REMOTELY-CONTROLLED GATE OPERATORS.**

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

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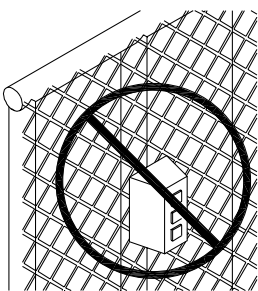
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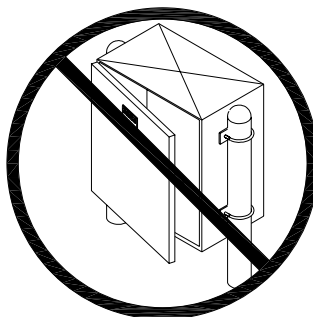
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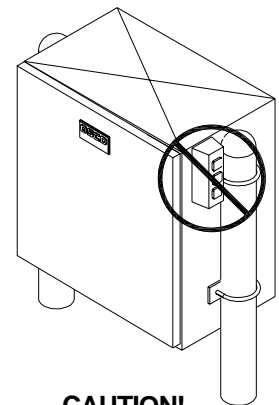
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CAUTION!
DO NOT INSTALL
CONTROLS ON A
GATE OR FENCE LINE



CAUTION!
ONLY QUALIFIED SERVICE
TECHNICIANS SHOULD
WORK ON AN OSCO
SLIDE GATE OPERATOR



CAUTION!
DO NOT INSTALL
CONTROLS
ON THE OPERATOR

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GATE OPERATOR CLASSIFICATIONS

All gate operators can be divided into one of four different classifications, depending on their design and usage.

Class I: Residential

A vehicle gate operator (or system) intended for use in a home of one to four single-family dwellings, or a garage or parking area associated therewith.

Class II: Commercial or General Public Access

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a commercial location or building such as a multi-family housing unit (five or more single-family units), hotel, garage, retail store, or other building servicing the general public.

Class III: Industrial or Limited Access

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in an industrial location or building such as a factory or loading dock area or other locations not intended to service the general public.

Class IV: Restricted Access

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a guarded industrial location or building such as an airport security area or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public, in which unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

IMPORTANT!!

Before installing the gate operator, make sure the gate's slide is free and level throughout the entire opening distance. If the gate does not seem to operate properly, it may affect the operator performance or greatly shorten the life of the unit. The gate should be designed so that airflow through the fabric is ample to prevent wind resistance and drag.

LIMITED TWO-YEAR WARRANTY

This electric operator is warranted for a period of two (2) years from date of sale against defects in materials or workmanship. Defective part(s) shall be repaired or replaced at no charge, at the manufacturer's option. All accessories are covered by their manufacturer's warranty.

The manufacturer will not be responsible for transportation and/or field service charges.

The above warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and shall be considered void if visible evidence implies recommended installation procedures and maintenance instructions were not followed, or if the electric operator was not sized appropriately for the particular installation.



SAFETY INFORMATION AND WARNINGS

Read the following before beginning to install OSCO slide gate operators:

1. Read the yellow "Safety Instructions" brochure enclosed with the packet of information. If you do not have one, please call OSCO at 1-800-333-1717 to request one. Read and follow all instructions.
2. All electrical connections to the power supply must be made by a licensed electrician and must observe all national and local electrical codes.
3. A separate power-disconnect switch should be located near the operator so that primary power can be turned off when necessary.
4. Install the enclosed warning signs on both sides of the gate. Each sign must be plainly visible from the side of the gate on which they are mounted.
5. Never reach between, through or around the fence to operate the gate.
6. You must install all required safety equipment.

PRE-INSTALLATION INFORMATION

Before unpacking, inspect the carton for exterior damage. If you find damage, advise the delivery carrier of a potential claim.

Inspect your package carefully. You can check your accessory box parts with the enclosed packing slip for your convenience. Claims for shortages will be honored for only 30 days from the date of shipment.

Before installing the operator, read this manual completely to ensure all requirements for proper installation are present. Verify that the voltage to be used matches the voltage of the operator.

The following contact or non-contact obstruction detection devices have been approved for use with OSCO slide gate operators as part of a UL325 compliant installation:

| | |
|----------|--|
| 2510-264 | EMX Model IRB-325 photo eye 60' with mounting hardware |
| 2520-031 | MMTC Model E3K photo eye, 28' with mounting hardware |
| 2520-178 | 5' Miller Edge MG020 with transmitter |
| 2520-134 | 5' Miller Edge MG020 with coil cord |
| 2510-163 | 4' Miller Edge MG020 with coil cord |
| 2520-246 | 5' Miller Edge MGR20 with coil cord |
| 2520-271 | 5' Miller Edge MGS20 with coil cord |

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WIRING SPECIFICATIONS

1. Select from the chart at the bottom of this page corresponding to the model, voltage and horsepower rating of your operator.
2. The distance shown on the chart is measured in feet from the operator to the power source. **DO NOT EXCEED THE MAXIMUM DISTANCE.** These calculations have been based on standard 115V and 230V supplies with a 10% drop allowable. If your supply is under the standard rating, the runs listed may be longer than what your application will handle, and you should not run wire too near the upper end of the chart for the gauge of wire you are using.
3. When large-gauge wire is used, a separate junction box (not supplied) may be needed for the operator power connection.
4. All control devices are now 24VDC, which can be run considerable distances. 24VAC is available for other devices, such as loop detectors and photo eyes.
5. Wire run calculations are based on the National Electrical Code, Article 430 and have been carefully determined based on motor inrush, brake solenoids, and operator requirements.
6. Connect power in accordance with local codes. **The green ground wire must be properly connected.**
7. Wire insulation must be suitable to the application.
8. Control wiring must be run in a separate conduit from power wiring. Running them together may cause interference and faulty signals in some accessories.
9. Electrical outlets are supplied in all 115VAC models for convenience with occasional use or low power consumption devices only. If you choose to run dedicated equipment from these devices, it will decrease the distance for maximum run and the charts will no longer be accurate.
10. A three-wire shielded conductor cable is required to connect master and slave operators. You must use Belden 8760 Twisted Pair Shielded Cable (or equivalent) **only** – OSCO part number 2500-1982, per foot). See page 9 for details of this connection, as well as dip switch selection. **Note: The SHIELD wire should be connected in both the master and slave operators.**

USE COPPER WIRE ONLY!

MODEL SSL

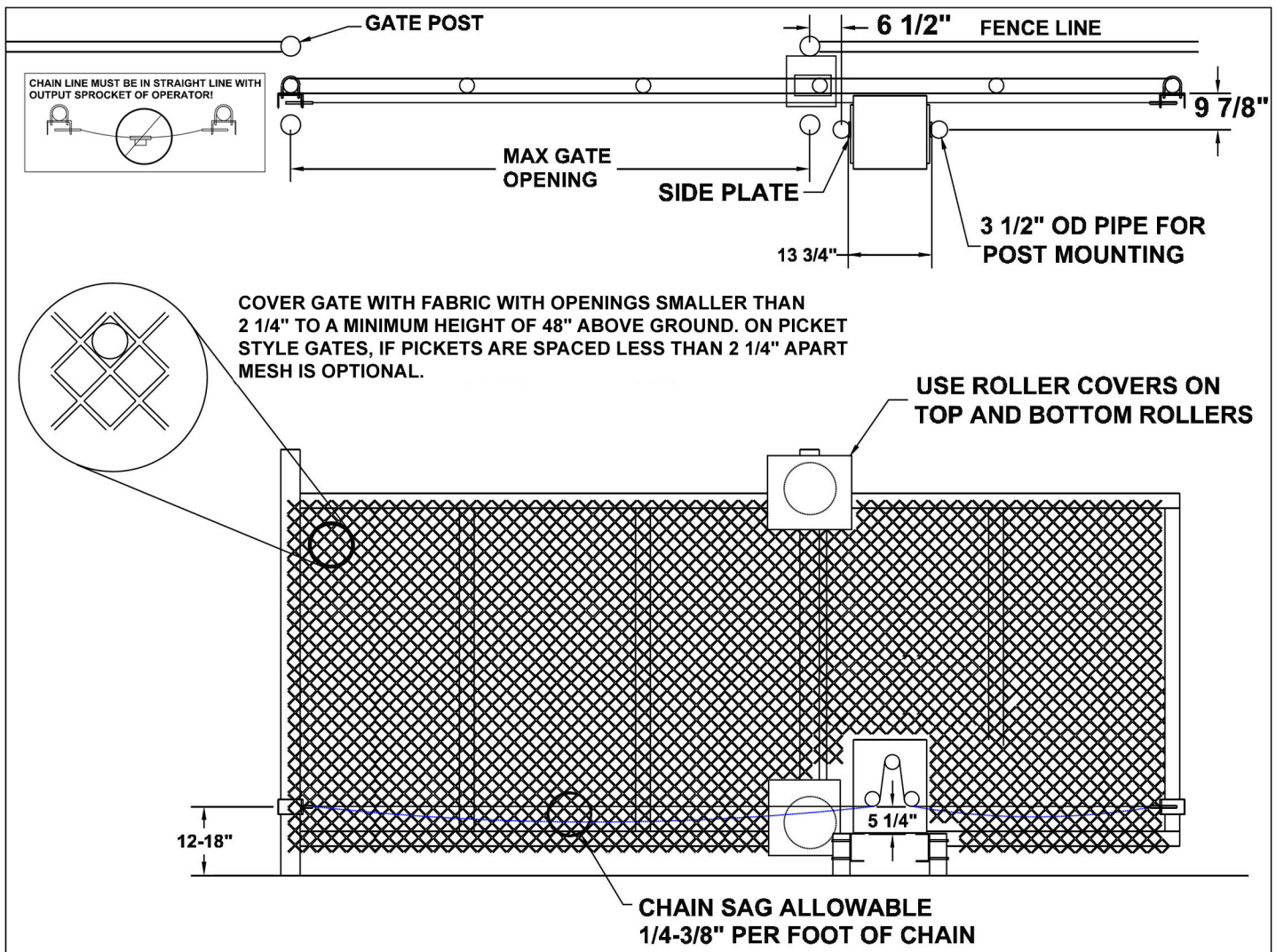
| Power Wiring | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|------|------------|
| Volts & HP | Max Distance Single | Dual | Wire Gauge |
| 115V | 316 | 158 | 12 |
| | 502 | 251 | 10 |
| | 800 | 400 | 8 |
| 1/2 HP | 1272 | 636 | 6 |
| | 2022 | 1011 | 4 |
| Volts & HP | Max Distance Single | Dual | Wire Gauge |
| 230V | 764 | 382 | 12 |
| | 1218 | 609 | 10 |
| | 1936 | 968 | 8 |
| 1/2 HP | 3076 | 1538 | 6 |
| | 4896 | 2448 | 4 |

ACCESSORY WIRING

| All Models | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Volts | Maximum Distance (ft.) | Wire Gauge |
| 24VAC | 250 | 14 |
| | 350* | 12 |
| 24VDC | 0-2000 | 14 |
| *Over 350 ft. use DC power. | | |

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

POST and PAD MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS FOR MODEL **SSL**

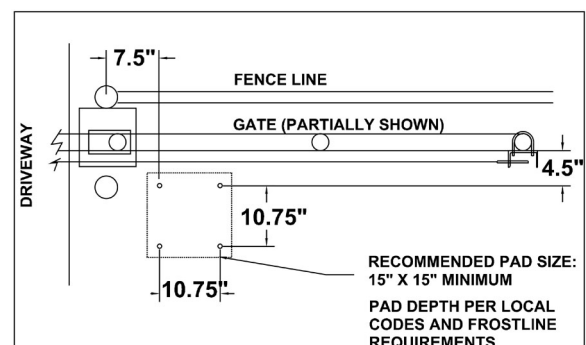


Before installing, make sure the gate rolls or slides freely, and that all exposed rollers are properly covered. The gate must be covered with fabric with openings no larger than 2 1/4" in size, to a minimum height of 48 inches above ground level. On picket-style gates, if pickets are spaced less than 2 1/4" apart, mesh is optional.

Use two 3 - 3 1/2" OD galvanized posts and secure with concrete footings as shown, length to be determined by local codes, frost line depth and soil conditions. Secure the operator to the posts using the 4" U-bolts, side plates, and hardware.

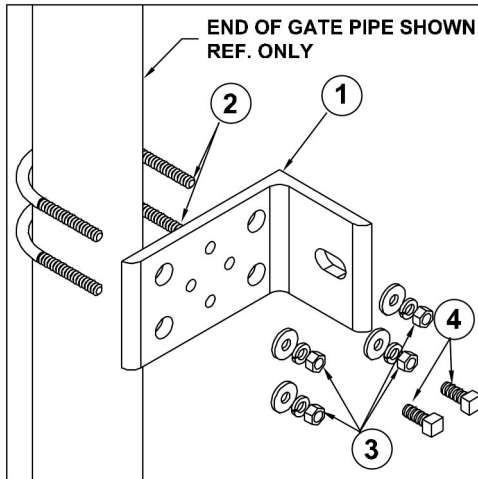
To assemble the drive chain and gate brackets, refer to Page 6. Make sure that the chain sag does not exceed recommended sizes and that the chain does not come into contact with the moving parts of the gate or ground.

A SEPARATE PEDESTRIAN GATE IS REQUIRED FOR ALL PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC. THIS GATE MUST BE A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF 7 FEET FROM THE VEHICULAR GATE AND GATE OPERATOR

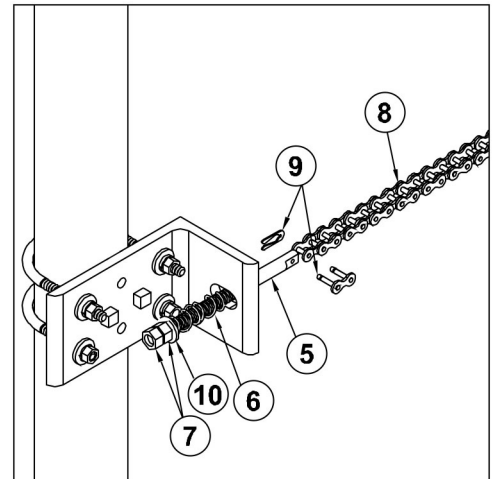


SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

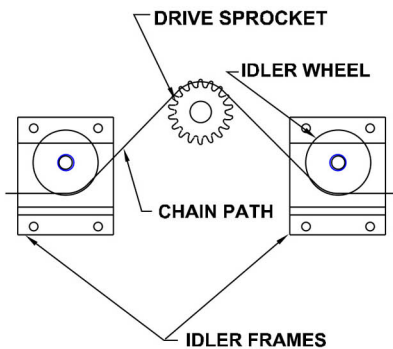
GATE BRACKET AND CHAIN ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS



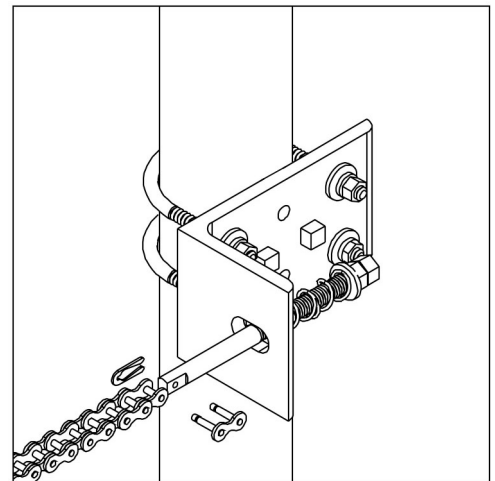
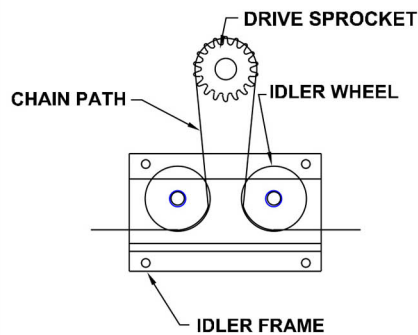
Numbered items in these drawings are for instructional reference only. For actual part numbers, go to the parts lists in the back of this booklet.



NOTE: IDLER CONFIGURATION MAY APPEAR DIFFERENT DEPENDING ON SLIDE OPERATOR MODEL



SOME MODELS MAY APPEAR MORE LIKE THIS:



Assemble a gate bracket (1) to the front edge of the gate, using two U-bolts (2), and mounting hardware (3). Before tightening down completely, be sure the bracket is parallel to the gate. Tighten the U-bolt hardware the rest of the way, then screw the square head bolts (4) into the threaded holes in the gate plate until they bottom out against the gate. These will help keep the bracket from twisting on the pipe.

Slide a threaded chain pin (5) through the bracket as shown, with spring (6), flat washer (10), and two hex nuts (7). Attach one end of the drive chain (8) to the chain pin using master link (9) and begin unrolling it toward the operator.

Remove the rain cover from the back of the slide gate operator. Carefully thread the drive chain under the first idler, over the drive sprocket, and then under the last idler. Make sure you feed most of the chain through the sprockets for attaching to the back end of the gate.

Assemble the other gate bracket on the rear edge of the gate, using the same process as you did with the front gate bracket. Once this is done, take the other chain pin, spring and jam nuts and assemble with the end of drive chain and the other master link.

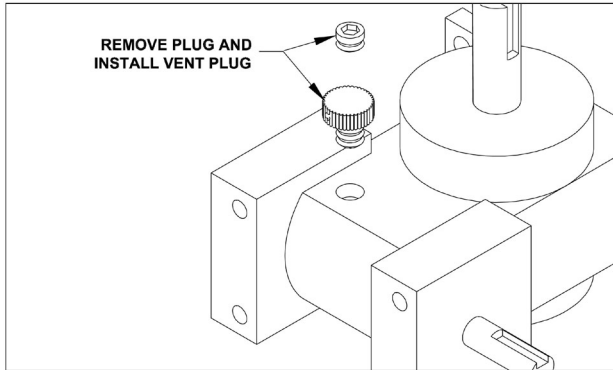
At this point you should be able to adjust the chain tension by tightening the jam nuts on each end. Approximately 1/4" to 3/8" of slack per foot of drive chain is acceptable. Make sure the chain does not drag on the ground, across the gate rollers or the idler frame of the operator.

Additional mounting holes have been provided in the gate bracket for installer convenience.

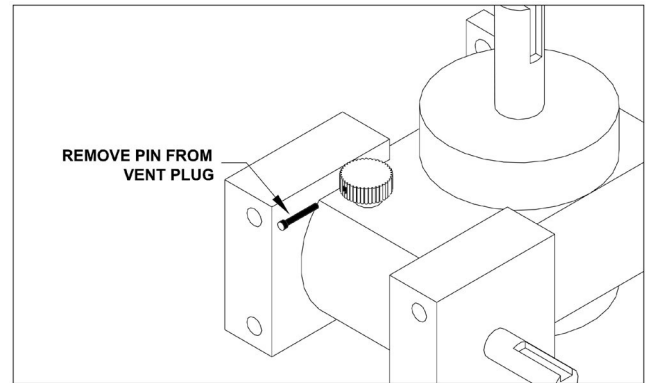
SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

VENT PLUG INSTALLATION

Gear reducers used in OSCO gate operators will have solid plugs installed prior to shipment in order to keep the oil inside from spilling out during shipping. A vent plug has been provided to replace this plug during installation. This plug will look similar to the ones shown below. Some models may have a vent plug with a breather pin. This pin should be removed after installing the operator.



OR

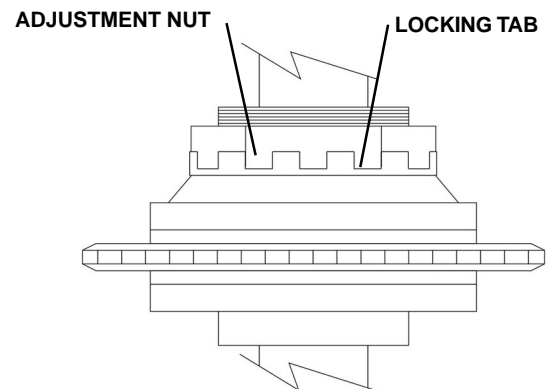


TORQUE LIMITER ADJUSTMENTS

Before adjusting the torque limiter, make sure the gate is in good working condition. One person should be able to move the gate by hand. Be certain the gate moves freely and without binding throughout its travel. Torque limiters are set light at the factory and must be adjusted during installation. Adjust the torque limiter tight enough to keep it from slipping during normal operation.

To adjust the torque limiter in model SSL:

1. Bend the locking tabs away from the adjustment nut.
2. *To increase the output*, turn the adjustment nut clockwise one flat, or 1/6 turn, at a time until desired output is obtained.
To reduce the output, turn the adjustment nut counterclockwise one flat, or 1/6 turn, at a time until desired output is obtained.
3. Bend the locking tabs up to lock the adjustment nut in place.



MODEL SSL

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION AND ADJUSTMENTS

Power supply must be of correct voltage and phase.

Always disconnect power from operator before servicing.

Keep clear of gate during operation.

All OSCO gate operators are supplied with a power disconnect switch to turn on and off the power supply available to the operator. Incoming power should be brought into the operator and connected to the labeled pigtails in the disconnect box following wiring specifications on page 4. A wiring connections print can be found on the inside cover of the operator.

Proper thermal protection is supplied with the operator. The motor contains a thermal overload protector to protect from overheating the motor due to overload or high-frequency operation. This overload will automatically reset after the motor cools down.

LIMIT NUT ADJUSTMENTS

The limit nuts are not preset at the factory and must be adjusted for the length of the gate the operator is installed on. The limit switches are activated by two threaded nylon rotary limit nuts which are attached to a threaded shaft and driven by chain and sprockets from the main drive shaft. Remove the cardboard filler before attempting to adjust the limit nuts.

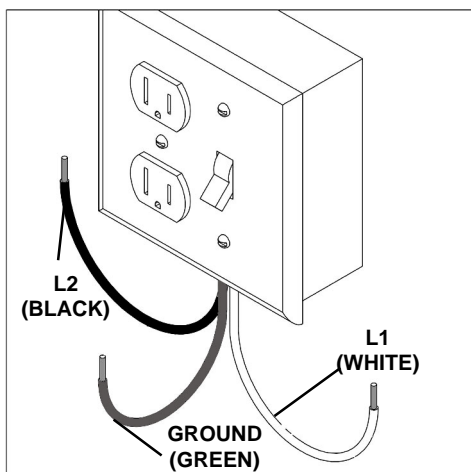
With the gate connected to the gate operator in a mid-travel position, and the power disconnect switch turned **OFF**, disconnect the operator by using the manual disconnect lever. Instructions for the manual disconnect can be found in the individual operator owner's guides. Once the operator has been disconnected, manually move the gate by hand to within a foot of its fully open position (the foot of distance is necessary to allow for coasting of the operator after the limit switch is tripped).

Once the gate is in this position, adjust the open limit nut until it activates the limit switch for open, **LSO-1**. Press down on the detent plate and rotate the nut along the threaded shaft. Refer to the illustration below for additional details.

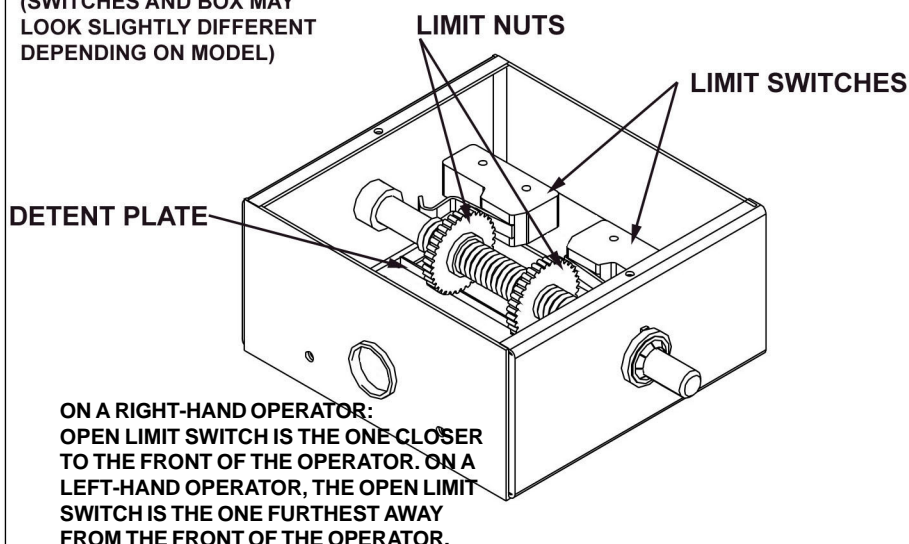
Once the open limit nut is set, repeat the above process for the close direction nut and the **LSC-1** limit switch.

After finishing the initial limit nut adjustments, reposition the gate to approximately its center of travel. Re-engage the operator and turn the power disconnect **ON**. Stand clear of any moving parts and press the **OPEN** button on the three-button station. If the gate begins to close instead of open, press the **STOP** button immediately. Find the dip switch block on the main control board and switch the hand of operation (dip switch #4, see page 9) and try to open the gate again. Observe the gate as it runs through a complete cycle in both directions, and adjust your limits again if necessary. Fine levels of adjustment can also be achieved by adjusting a few teeth on the nut at a time. If the gate stops in midtravel, the open or close current sensor adjustment or the maximum run timer may need adjustment (see page 11).

**POWER DISCONNECT BOX
(115VAC VERSION SHOWN)**

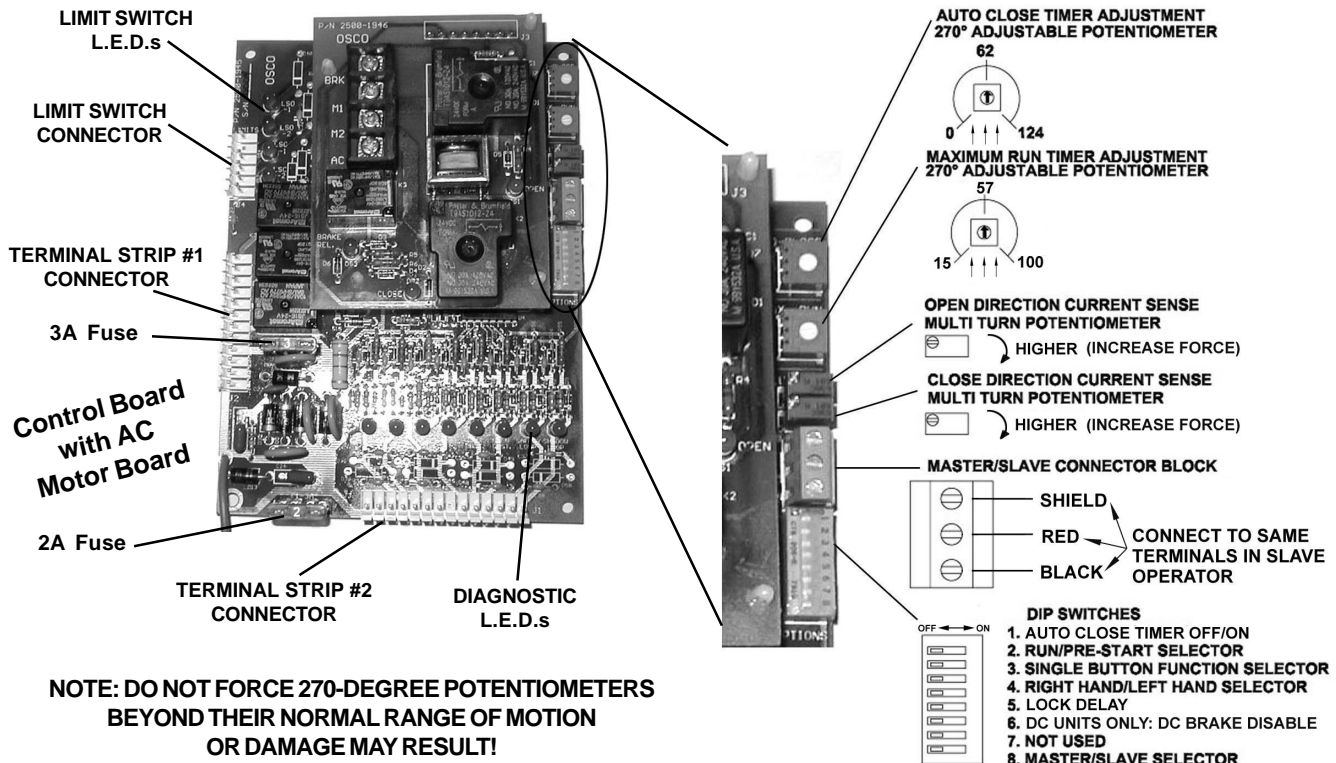


**ROTARY LIMIT BOX ASS'Y
(SWITCHES AND BOX MAY
LOOK SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT
DEPENDING ON MODEL)**



SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

CONTROL BOARD ADJUSTMENTS



Auto Close Timer Adjustment: This 270-degree adjustable potentiometer will signal the operator to close automatically, provided no open, reversing or obstruction signals are present from the fully-open position. This timer is adjustable from 0 to 124 seconds. This feature is turned on or off using dip switch #1.

Maximum Run Timer Adjustment: This 270-degree adjustable potentiometer will signal the operator to stop running once it counts down, unless a limit switch is reached or an input is received first. Each time the motor starts, this timer will begin counting. This timer is adjustable from 15 to 100 seconds. If the timer expires, the unit locks out and the emergency alarm sounds.

Open Direction Current Sense Adjustment: This multiturn potentiometer is used to calibrate the built-in current sensing feature for detection of obstructions while running in the open direction.

Close Direction Current Sense Adjustment: This multiturn potentiometer is used to calibrate the built in current sensing feature for detection of obstructions while running in the closed direction.

Master/Slave Connection Block: This terminal block is used in conjunction with two operators to configure two gates to open and close together.


Dip Switches:

- #1 This switch turns the auto close timer off/on.
- #2 This switch is used in conjunction with alarms and flashing lights that may be added to the operator. When the switch is in the **ON** position, these devices will start approximately two seconds prior to the operator starting. In the **OFF** position, the devices will only work while the operator is running.
- #3 This switch is used in conjunction with single-button controls and radio receivers. In the **ON** position, successive inputs will cause signals in the order of **OPEN-STOP-CLOSE-STOP**. In the **OFF** position, inputs will cause an **OPEN** signal unless the gate is fully open, in which case it will signal **CLOSE**.
- #4 This switch determines right-hand vs. left-hand behavior. When looking from inside the protected area toward the gate, the side of the drive the operator is on determines its hand of operation. In the **OFF** position, the operator is set for right-hand.
- #5 When turned **ON**, this switch will allow a one-second delay for solenoid locks to unlock before the motor starts.
- #6 In the **ON** position, this switch will disable the inherent DC brake in **DC operators only**. In addition, the R2 brake resistor on the DC motor board must be cut from the board (refer to the picture above). In the **OFF** position, the DC brake will function.
- #7 Not used at this time.
- #8 This switch is used to set Master/Slave configuration. Operators which are stand-alone or master units should be set to **OFF**, while only slave units should have this switch set to **ON**.


SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

TERMINAL CONNECTION DESCRIPTIONS

| TERMINALS | FUNCTION | DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| 24VAC 24VAC N | 24VAC | Provides 24Volt AC power for accessories. Note: DC models will NOT have 24Volt AC power available. |
| 24VDC+ 24VDC- COMM. | 24VDC | Provides 24Volt DC power for accessories. |
| 1 & 4 | OPEN | Opens the operator. Several accessories such as button stations, keypads, transmitters and card readers can be wired to open. |
| 3 & 4 | CLOSE | Closes the operator. Use caution when wiring accessories to these terminals. The gate must be clearly visible from the location of any accessories wired to close. |
| 4 & 5 | SINGLE-BUTTON | Performs the single-button function which will alternate between open and close or open, stop and close - depending on dip switch #3. (See page 9 for details.) |
| 2 & 4 | STOP | Stops the operator. If no stop button is used, a jumper is required across 2&4 . |
| 4 & 6 | REVERSE | This function will cause a reversal when the gate is traveling closed and will travel back to the fully open position. Loop detectors are often wired for reverse. |
| 4 & 50 | OPEN OBSTRUCTION | This function works only while the operator is opening. Any signal to this function will cause the gate to stop, reverse a short distance, and then stop again. At this time the auto close timer is disabled, and a renewed input will be required to start the gate again. Should the gate be restarted and the signal occur again prior to reaching a limit, the gate will stop again, and this time will sound the emergency alarm and lock out. |
| 4 & 51 | CLOSE OBSTRUCTION | This function works exactly like the OPEN OBSTRUCTION, except that it will only work in the closing direction. |
| 4 & 11 | SHADOW/HOLD | This function will keep the gate in its fully open position while the signal is present. This is typically used with a loop and loop detector to keep a large swing gate open while vehicular traffic is passing through. |
| 24VDC+ & 60 | RUN/PRE-START | A 24Volt DC device such as a strobe light or alarm can be wired to these terminals. Depending on dip switch #2, these devices will either begin two seconds before the operator starts, or only while the motor is running. (See page 9 for details.) |

 You must follow all required safety precautions and instructions at all times. Review the safety brochure included with the operator. If any pages are missing or unreadable, contact OSCO at 1-800-333-1717 to request additional copies.

 Never connect a button station within reach of the gate or on the side of the gate operator.

 Do not adjust the circuit board current sensing feature too high. It should be adjusted high enough to keep the gate from falsely triggering the sensing, but no higher than necessary for the gate to operate. Do not defeat the purpose of this function!

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

CURRENT SENSING ADJUSTMENTS

Because gates vary in construction and may have different force requirements in the open and close directions to move, the OSCO control board has separate Multi-turn potentiometers for adjusting in both directions independently. The adjustment should be set light enough to maintain minimal force (50-75 lbs.) should an obstruction occur, but high enough to keep the gate moving under normal conditions without interruption.

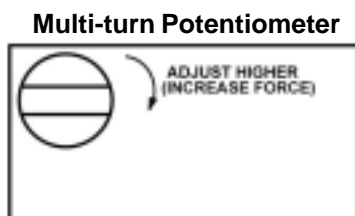
Prior to adjusting the operator current sensing functions, make sure the gate moves freely in both directions. A badly aligned or poorly maintained gate may cause false triggering of the current sensor. Refer to page 9 when following the instructions below. A factory adjustment tool has been supplied to make these adjustments easier. This tool has been taped to the control box for your convenience.

CLOSE DIRECTION CURRENT SENSE ADJUSTMENT

When the gate operator leaves the factory, it has been preset for a relatively light gate function and will require additional adjustment. Begin by starting the gate going closed. If the operator stops and reverses, turn the close direction potentiometer (see page 9) one turn higher, press the **STOP** button, and try again. Repeat this process until the gate no longer causes false tripping of the current sensor. Note that each time the gate operator reverses, the **STOP** button must be pressed. Next, turn the close direction potentiometer lower slowly while the operator is running the gate closed until the gate operator stops and reverses again. From this point, turn the close direction potentiometer higher by 1 1/2 turns for all 115 Volt AC and 24 Volt DC operators, and by 3/4 of a turn higher for all 230 Volt AC operators.

OPEN DIRECTION CURRENT SENSE ADJUSTMENT

Repeat the same process with the open direction potentiometer while running the gate in the open direction. Once this is done, run the gate through several complete cycles and make sure the gate does not false trip in either direction.



Remember it is important not to set the adjustment too high! Doing so will defeat the purpose of the current sensing as an obstruction detecting feature.

MAXIMUM RUN TIMER ADJUSTMENT

This adjustable potentiometer sets the maximum length of time the motor will run before shutting down. It should be configured for the time it takes to run the gate fully open or closed, plus an additional 15 seconds. See page 9 for details.

AUTO CLOSE TIMER ADJUSTMENT

This adjustable potentiometer sets the length of time which elapses before the gate operator automatically closes the gate, from the fully open position, provided no open, reversing, or obstruction signals are present. This feature can be turned on or off via dip switch selection. See page 9 for details. **Do not use the auto close timer without an appropriate reversing device installed!**

MASTER/SLAVE CONNECTION

A three-wire shielded conductor cable is required to connect master and slave operators. You must use Belden 8760 Twisted Pair Shielded Cable (or equivalent) **only** – OSCO part number 2500-1982, per foot). See page 9 for details of this connection, as well as dip switch selection. Note: The SHIELD wire should be connected in both the master and slave operators. **In addition, you must run power to both the master and slave operators.**

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

ONBOARD L.E.D. INDICATOR DESCRIPTIONS

Control Board L.E.D. Indicators:

| | | |
|--------------------|--------------|--|
| OPEN | | This indicator is lit when an open signal is present. This signal can come from such devices as button stations, radio receivers, keypads and telephone entry systems. |
| CLOSE | | This indicator is lit when a closed signal is present. This signal typically comes from three-button stations. |
| STOP | | This indicator is lit when there is a break in the stop circuit. Make sure there is a stop button wired in and working properly. |
| SINGLE | | This indicator is lit when a signal from a single-button station or radio receiver is present. |
| CLOSE OBST | | This indicator is lit when a close obstruction signal is present. This signal can come from edges and photo eyes which have been wired to the close obstruction inputs. |
| OPEN OBST | | This indicator is lit when an open obstruction signal is present. This signal can come from edges and photo eyes which have been wired to the open obstruction inputs. |
| SAFETY LOOP | | This indicator is lit when a reversing signal is present. This signal is generated by a loop detector wired to the safety loop terminals. |
| SHADOW LOOP | | This indicator is lit when a shadow/hold open signal is present. This signal is generated by a loop detector wired to the shadow loop terminals. |
| LH | RH | |
| LSC-1 | LSO-1 | These indicators are lit when the open limit switch is activated on a right-hand operator, or the close switch on a left-hand. If this indicator is lit and the gate is not in its full open/closed position, the limit may need adjusting or the limit switch may need replacing. |
| LSC-2 | LSO-2 | |
| LSO-1 | LSC-1 | These indicators are lit when the close limit switch is activated on a right-hand operator, or the open on a left-hand. If this indicator is lit and the gate is not in its full open/closed position, the limit may need adjusting or the limit switch may need replacing. |
| LSO-2 | LSC-2 | |

Motor Board L.E.D. Indicators:

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| NON LABELED | One of these two indicators will be lit when the motor is running the gate open, and the other is lit when the motor is running the gate closed. |
| BRAKE REL. | This indicator is lit when the brake is NOT applied. |

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

IMPORTANT NOTES FOR INSTALLATION OF MASTER/SLAVE APPLICATIONS

When setting up Master/Slave gate operators, it is best to make adjustments and run each operator individually. To do this, simply:

- Set Dip Switch #4 to proper hand of operation (right-hand or left-hand)
- Set Dip Switch #8 as Master (off)

Run each operator making current sensing adjustments as necessary, as indicated on the Control Board Adjustments page of this installation guide. When both operators have been adjusted, turn power off, then turn on Dip Switch #8 in the operator chosen as the Slave.

The timer to close and radio/single button behavior are set in the Master operator.

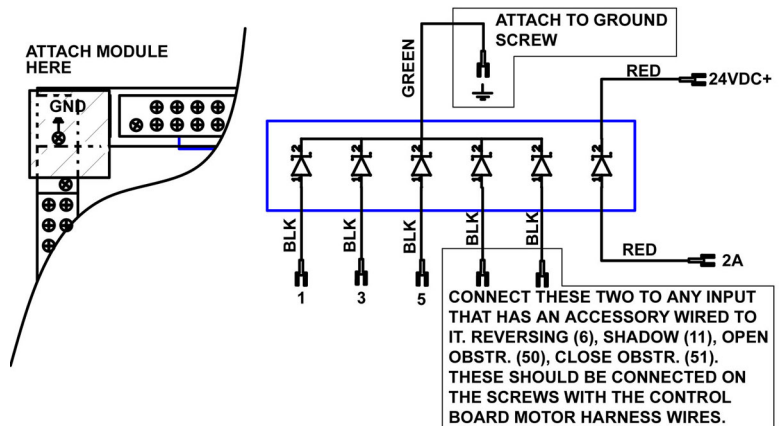
The following selections are set individually:

- Current Sensing
- Maximum Run Timer
- One-Second Lock Release
- Three-Second Pre-Start Warning
- Right/Left-Hand Selections

SURGE PROTECTOR INSTRUCTIONS

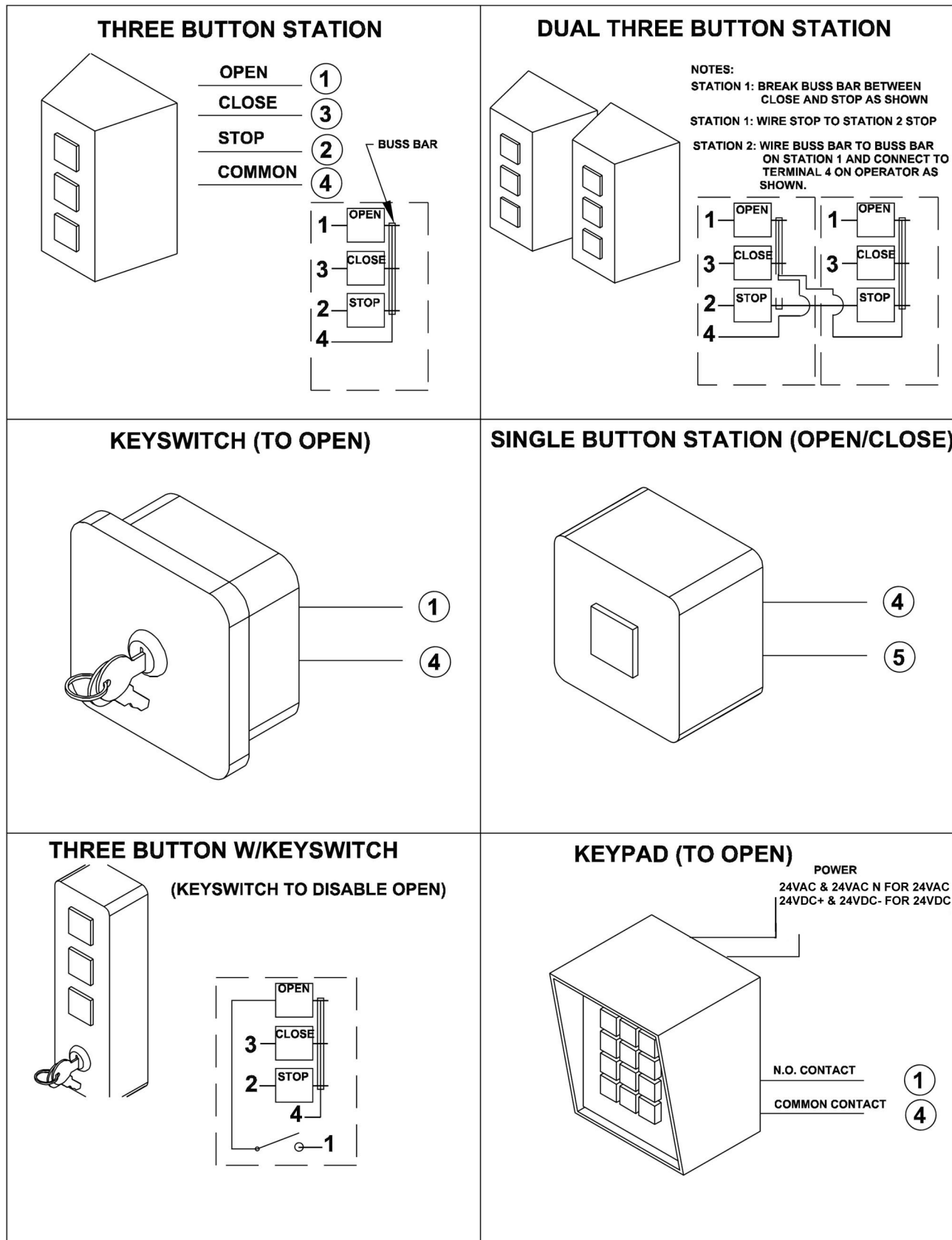
The optional surge protector should be connected to any inputs that have an accessory connected to it. This includes the 3-button station, so it must be connected to 1, 2A and 3 in all cases. The green wire connected to ground, which is electrically the same as terminal 4. The red wires connect to terminals 2A and 24VDC+. This will cause the 2 amp fuse to blow if this section of the module becomes shorted. With any of the other inputs connected to the surge protector, if their protection line becomes shorted due to a surge over the rating of the module, the corresponding LED on the main board will remain lit, causing a constant signal to the controller. If this is found, please replace the entire surge protector with a new unit.

Do not simply unhook the shorted wire, as this removes the protection from the circuit that was saved by the protector in the first place!



SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

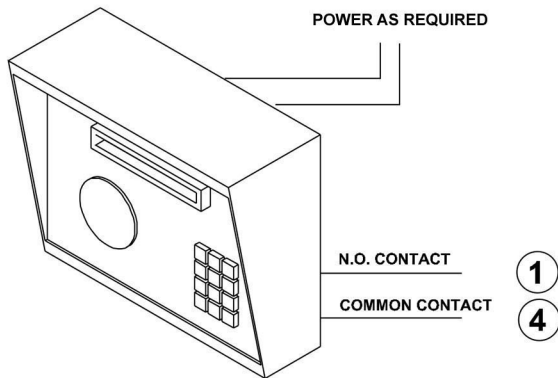
CONTROL and ACCESSORY CONNECTION ILLUSTRATIONS



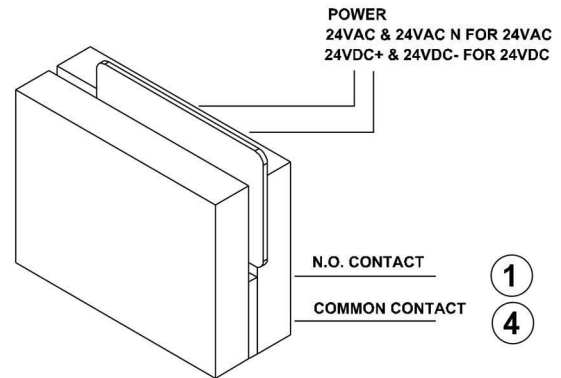
SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

CONTROL and ACCESSORY CONNECTION ILLUSTRATIONS

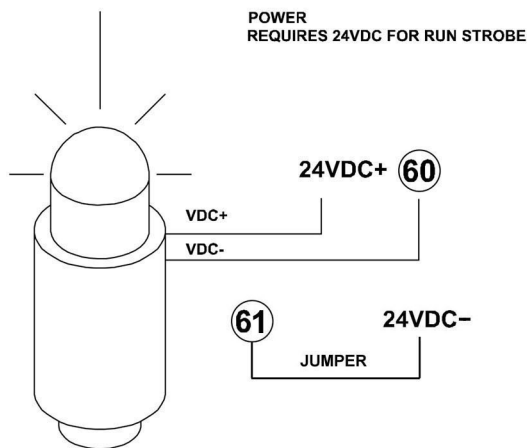
TELEPHONE ENTRY SYSTEM (TO OPEN)



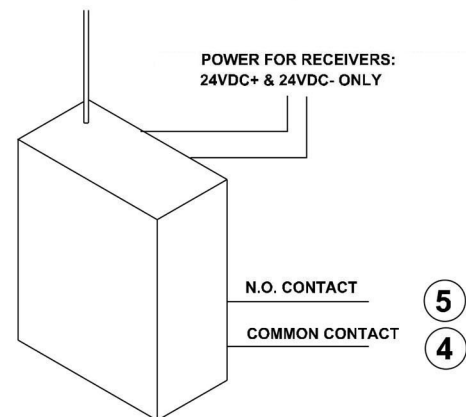
CARD READER (TO OPEN)



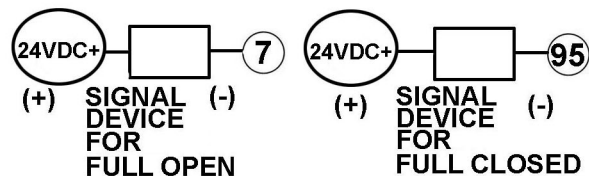
STROBE (WIRED FOR RUN)



FOUR WIRE RECEIVER (OPEN/CLOSE)



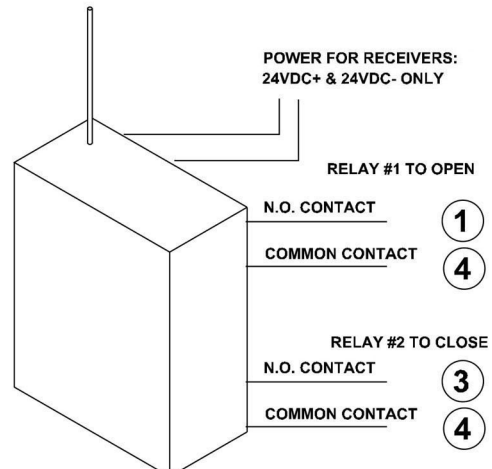
AUXILIARY SIGNALING DEVICE 24VDC



SHOWN FOR RIGHT HAND INSTALLATION;
LEFT HAND OPPOSITE

FOR OTHER VOLTAGES, AN OPTIONAL 24VDC
RELAY IS REQUIRED. CONSULT THE
FACTORY.

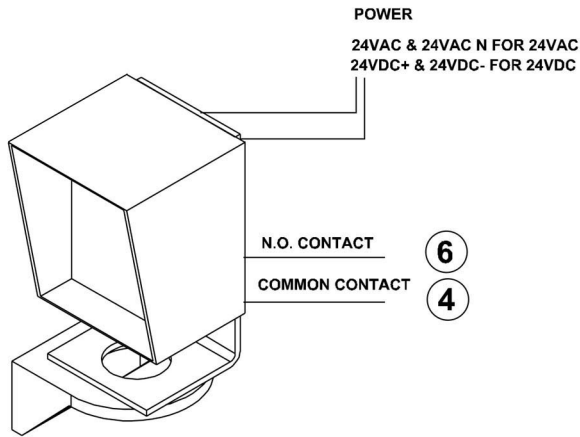
TWO CHANNEL RECEIVER (OPEN/CLOSE)



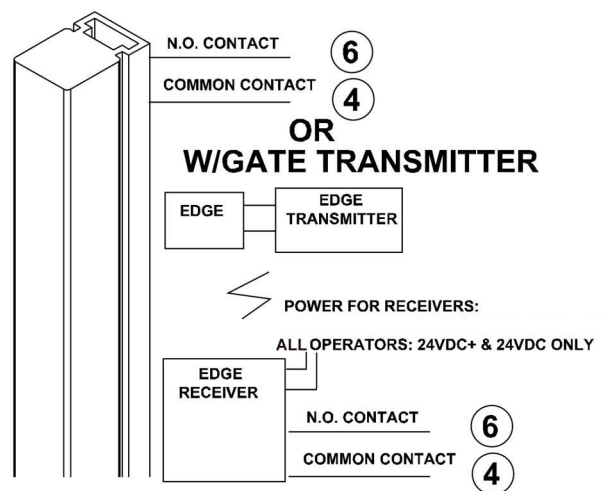
SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

CONTROL and ACCESSORY CONNECTION ILLUSTRATIONS

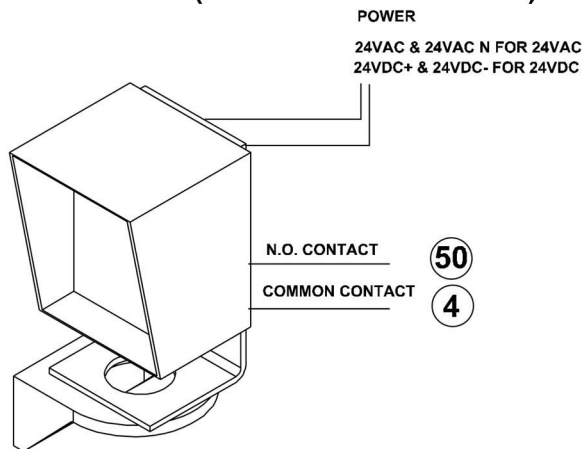
PHOTOEYE (TO REVERSE)



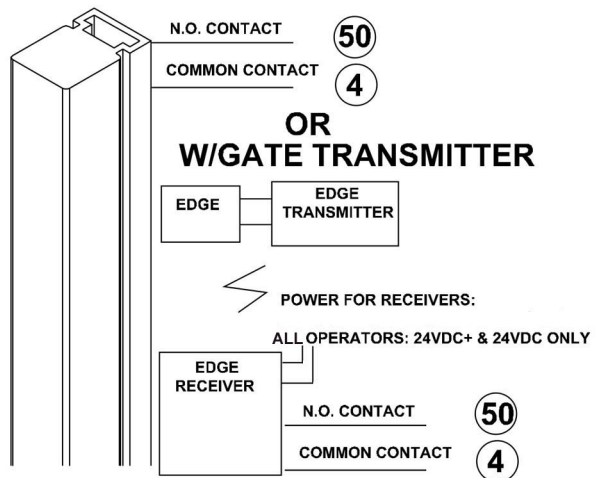
EDGE (TO REVERSE)



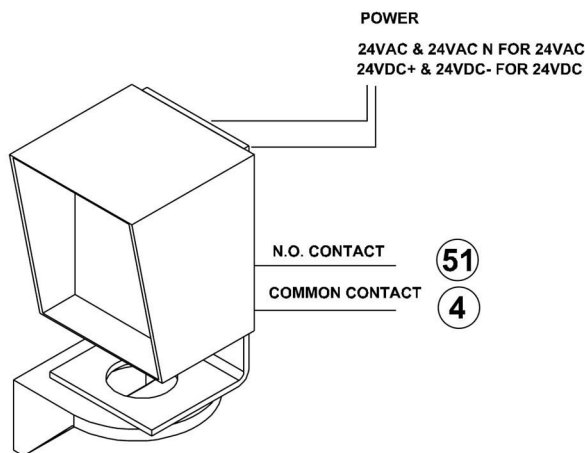
PHOTOEYE (OPEN OBSTRUCTION)



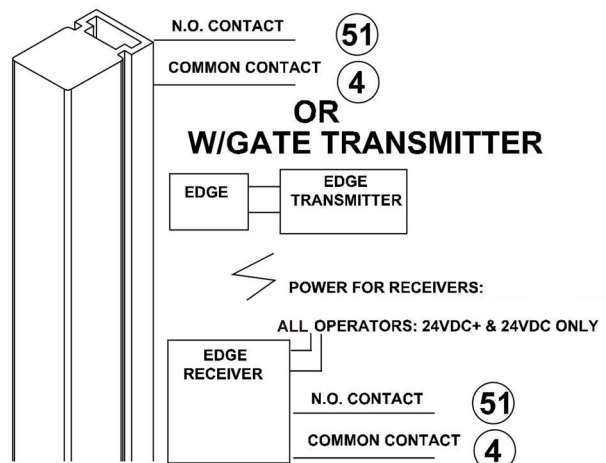
EDGE (OPEN OBSTRUCTION)



PHOTOEYE (CLOSE OBSTRUCTION)



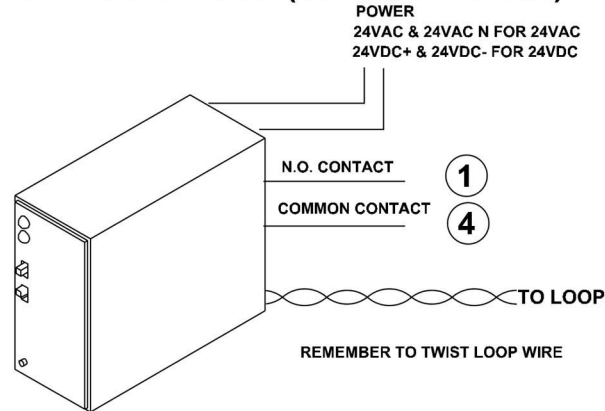
EDGE (CLOSE OBSTRUCTION)



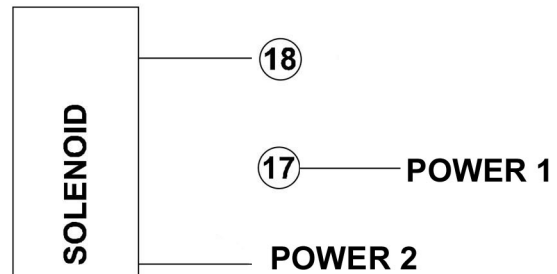
SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

CONTROL and ACCESSORY CONNECTION ILLUSTRATIONS

LOOP DETECTOR (OPEN/FREE EXIT)

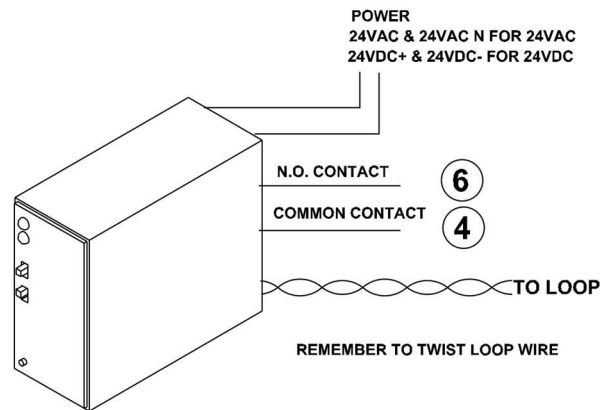


SOLENOID LOCK

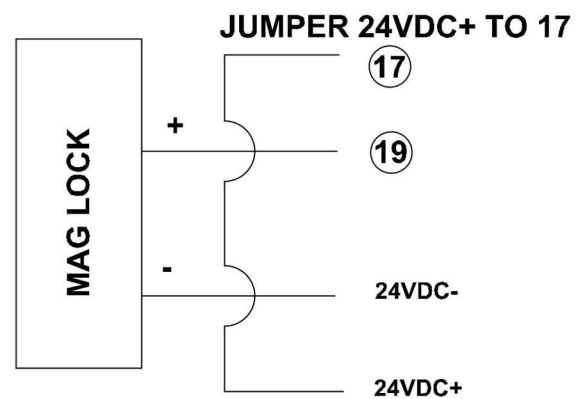


MAKE SURE TO MATCH POWER VOLTAGE TO LOCK RATING (17 & 18 ARE NORMALLY OPEN CONTACTS, 10 AMP RATING)

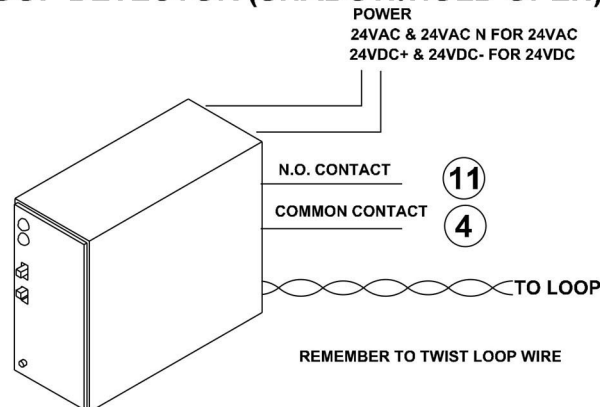
LOOP DETECTOR (TO REVERSE)



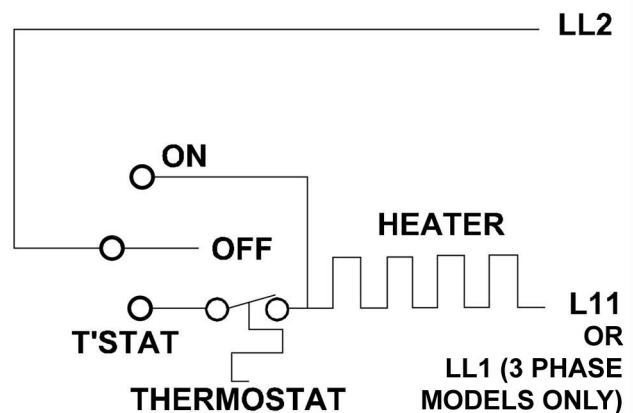
24VDC MAGLOCK



LOOP DETECTOR (SHADOW/HOLD OPEN)

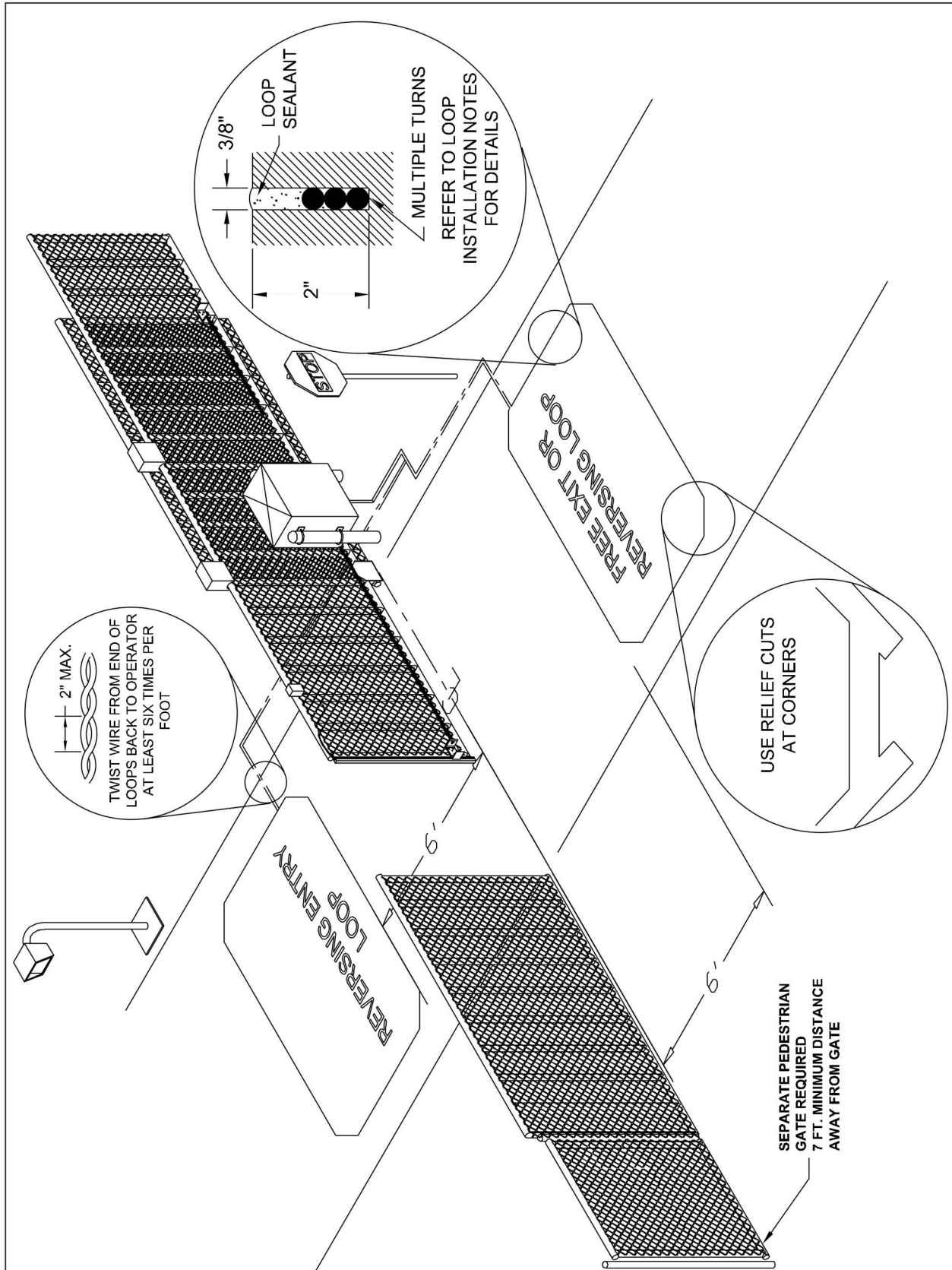


HEATER ASSEMBLY



SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

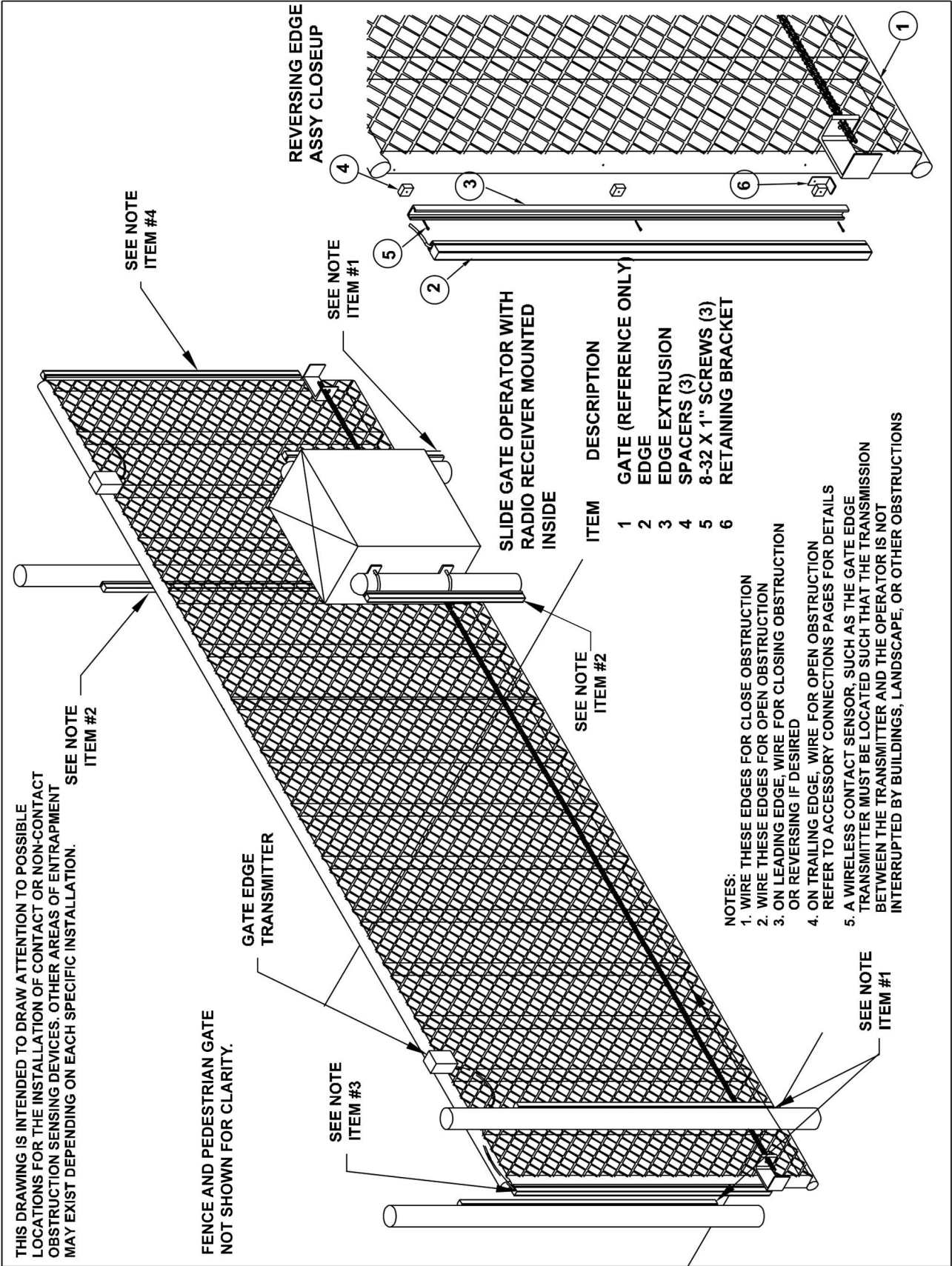
LOOP LAYOUT ILLUSTRATION



Refer to Connection Descriptions on page 10 and Loop Accessory Connections on page 17 for details.

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

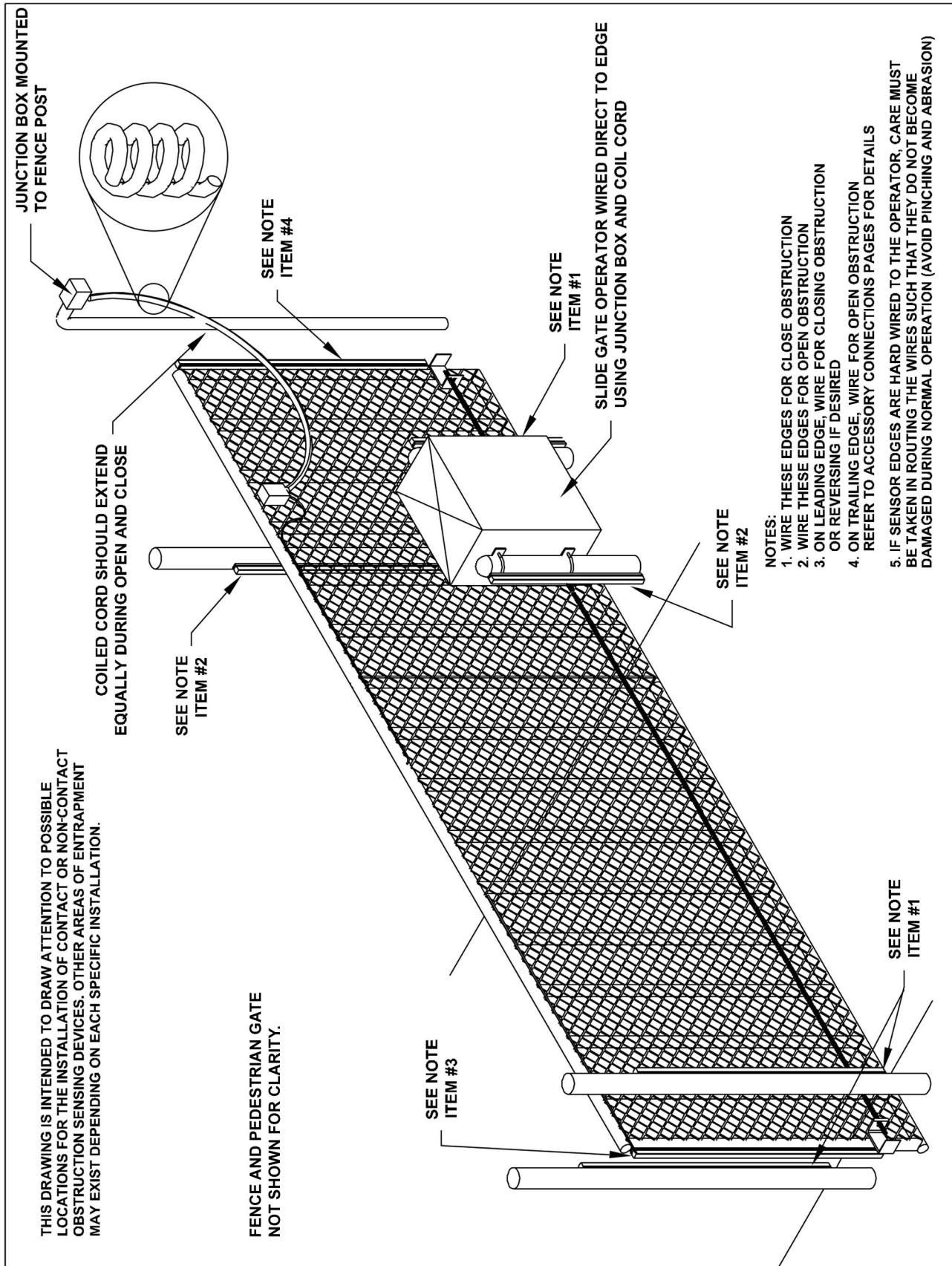
EDGE LAYOUT ILLUSTRATION #1



Refer to Connection Descriptions on page 10 and Contact Edge Connections on page 16 for details.

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

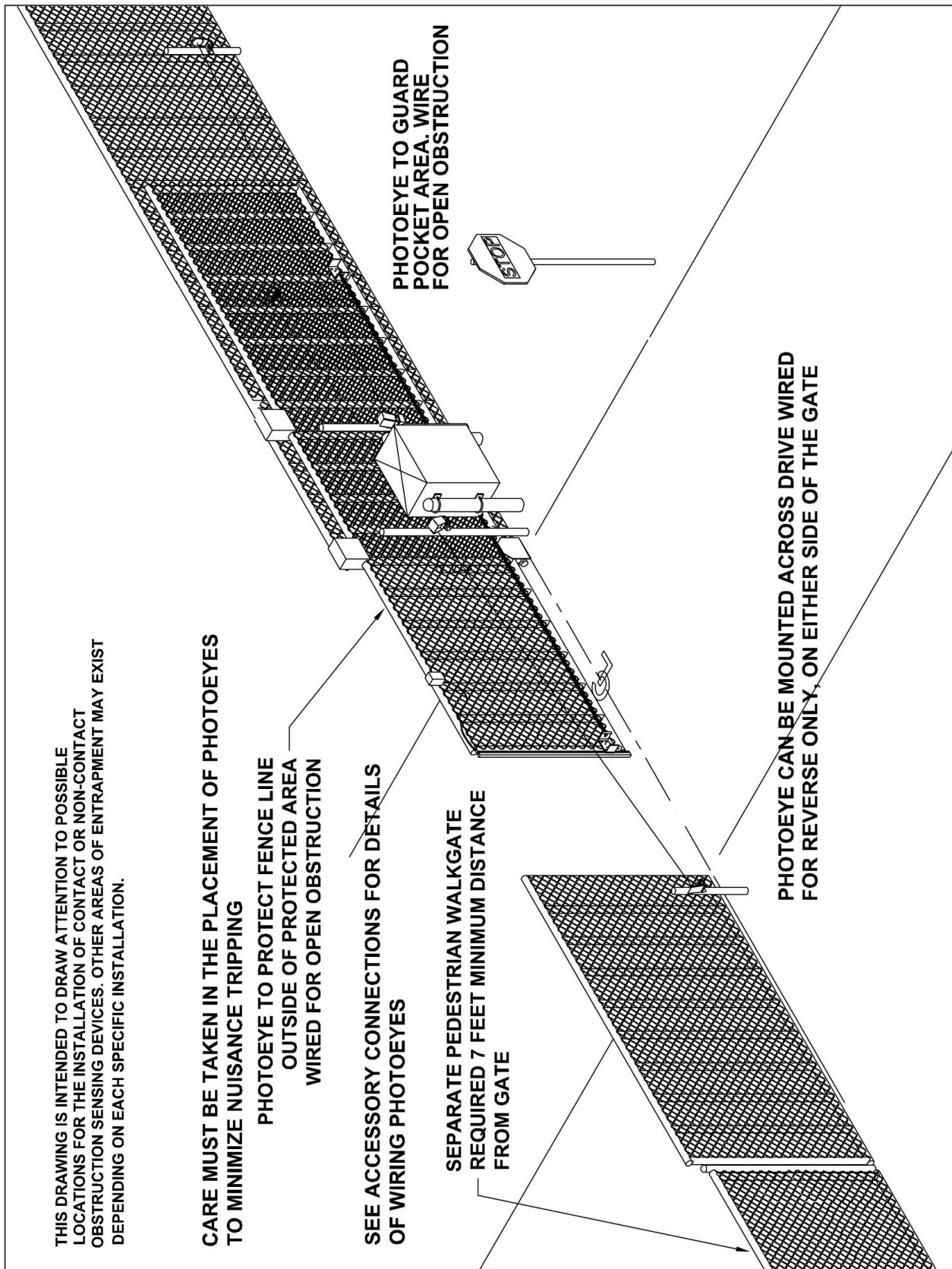
EDGE LAYOUT ILLUSTRATION #2



Refer to Connection Descriptions on page 10 and Contact Edge Connections on page 16 for details.

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

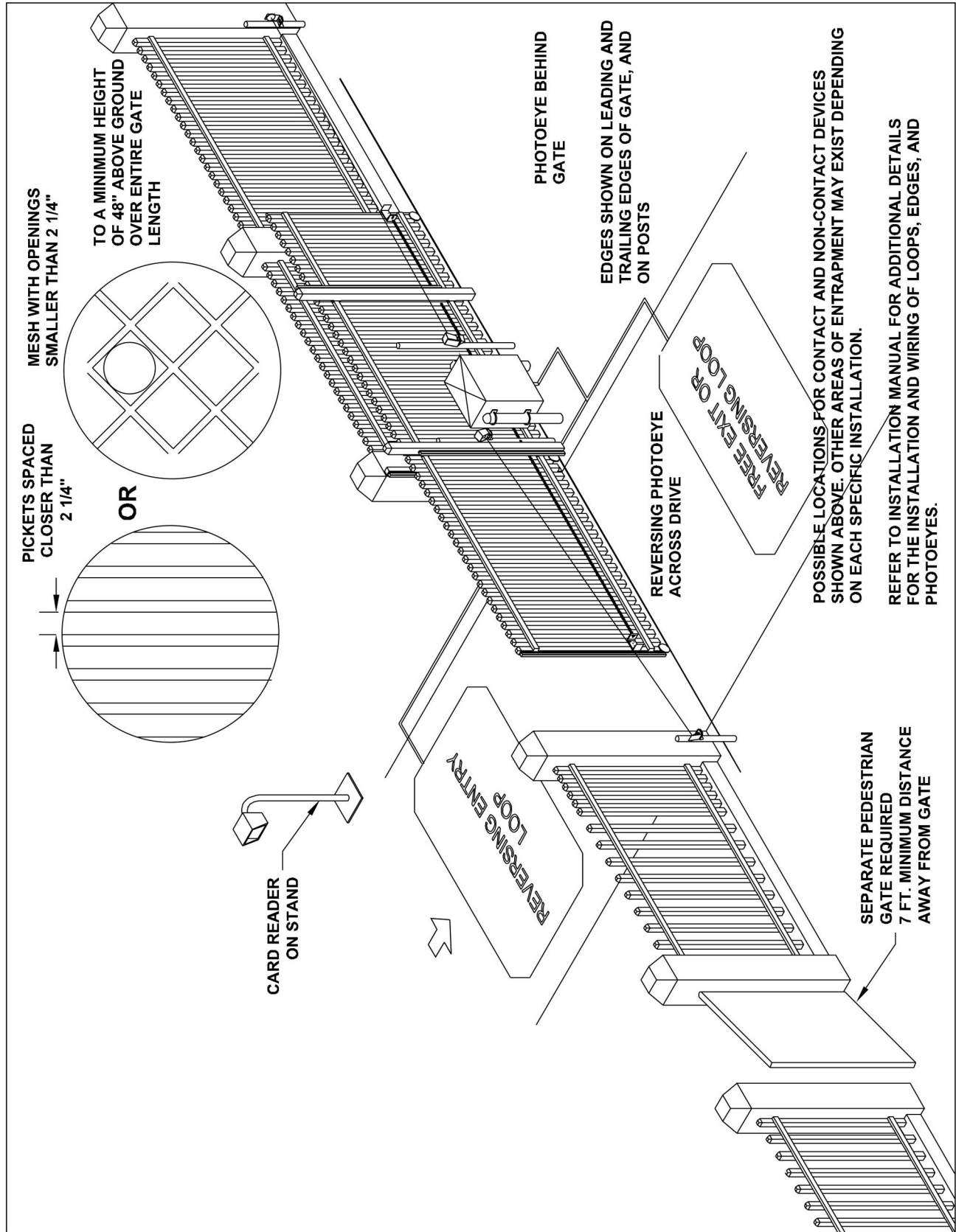
PHOTO EYE ILLUSTRATION



Refer to Connection Descriptions on page 10 and Photo Eye Connections on page 16 for details.

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

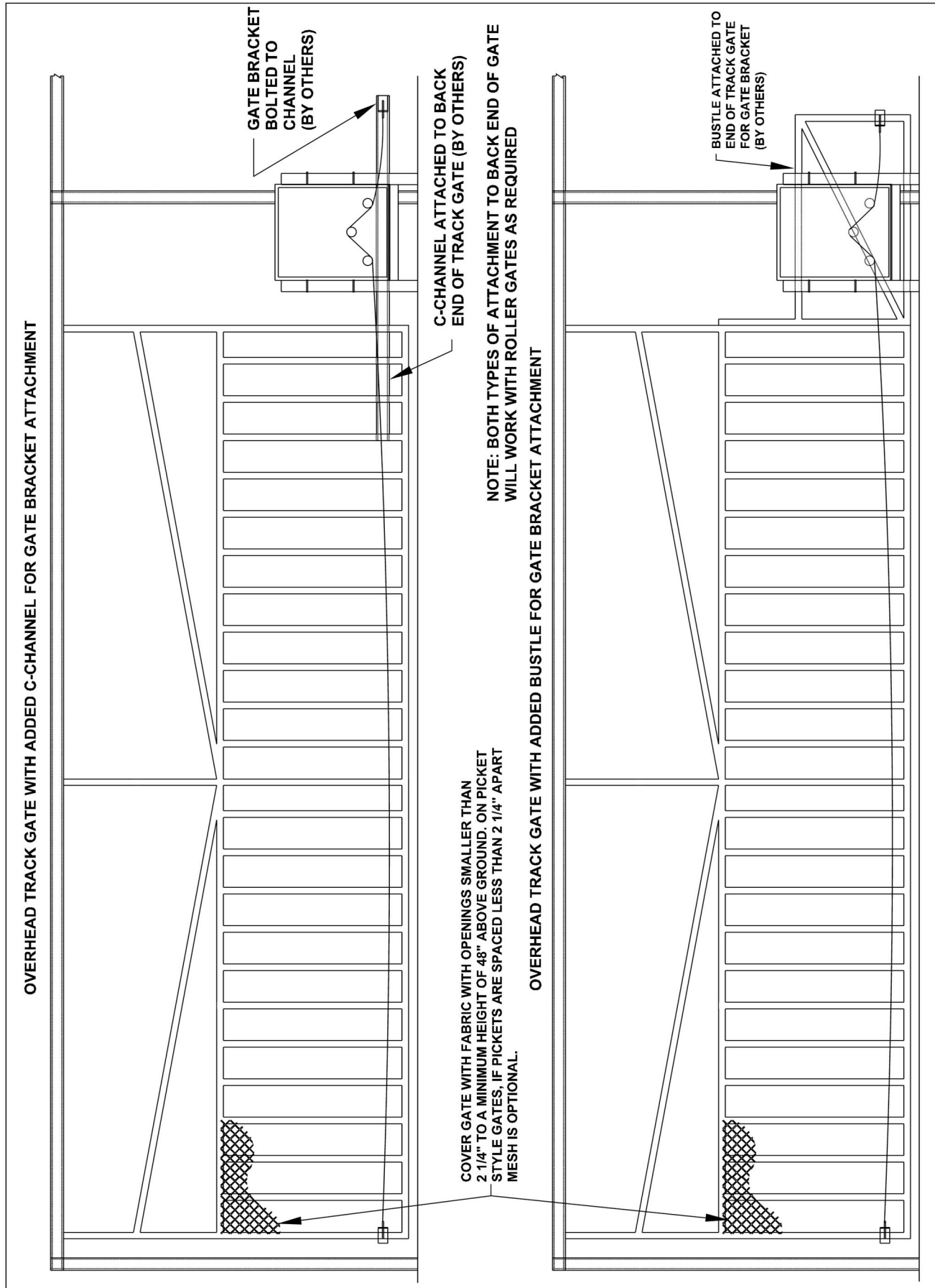
PICKET GATE ILLUSTRATION



Refer to Connection Descriptions on page 10 and Accessory Connections on pages 14-17 for additional details.

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

TRACK GATE ILLUSTRATION



SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

TROUBLESHOOTING

Operator fails to start:

- A. If the operator has been running a large number of cycles, the motor may have gotten hot and tripped the overload. Allow the motor to cool down and the overload will reset automatically.
- B. Make sure you have power at the master distribution panel and that the power has not been turned off.
- C. The secondary fuse on the control board may have blown. Replace the fuse (refer to control box parts list on page 26 for part number information).

Motor operates, but gate does not move:

- A. In operators with torque limiters and friction pad clutches, check for signs of slipping. You can mark the sprocket and clutch with a yellow or white grease pen and watch for the lines to move apart if slipping is taking place. Adjust the torque limiter tighter if this is the problem.
- B. Check for broken chain or worn belts.
- C. Check all setscrews on pulleys and sprockets and tighten them if necessary, and check for keys which may have fallen loose from keyways.

Motor sounds like it is working harder than normal:

- A. Make sure the gate is moving freely and without binding throughout its entire travel.
- B. Check the drive chain for obstructions (if the operator has one).
- C. If the operator has an internal brake mechanism, make sure it is releasing.

Limit switch getting out of time:

- A. Check for proper tension on all limit chains to be sure there is no jumping taking place. Mark one tooth and its corresponding link and run the gate. If the marks have moved, the chain is skipping.
- B. Check the setscrews in limit cams and limit sprockets for tightness. In rotary limit boxes, check the rotary limit nut for sloppiness or stripped threads. Replace if necessary.
- C. Check the chain tension along the output sprocket and idlers. Mark the chain and one tooth of the sprocket as described above and run the gate. Check for jumping.

Gate stopping part way open or closed (but no visible obstruction):

- A. The control board may have received a false obstruction input triggered by current sensing set too low. Make sure the gate moves freely through its entire travel before adjusting the current sensing.
- B. The maximum run timer may have counted down and expired. This can be caused by having the timer set too low, if a chain or belt is broken, or if a sprocket or pulley is slipping. When the timer expires, the gate stops and an alarm will sound.
- C. An obstruction signal from an accessory wired to the obstruction input may have triggered falsely. Check the control board for lit L.E.D. indicators for any of the following inputs: safety, shadow, open obstruction, close obstruction, stop, etc. If any are lit when the operator should be running, remove all devices hooked to that function and hook them up one at a time and try to run the operator until the problem device is found. Refer to page 12 for details on the control board indicators.

Gate staying open with automatic system:

- A. If there are vehicle detectors in your machine which are set up for reverse, one of your loops or loop detectors may be sending a false signal. Disconnect the wire harness and try running the operator.
- B. An opening or reversing device may be stuck or malfunctioning. Try disconnecting these devices and hook them back up one at a time and try running the operator until the malfunctioning device is found.
- C. Make sure the close limit switch isn't activated. If it is, the operator will think the gate is already closed.

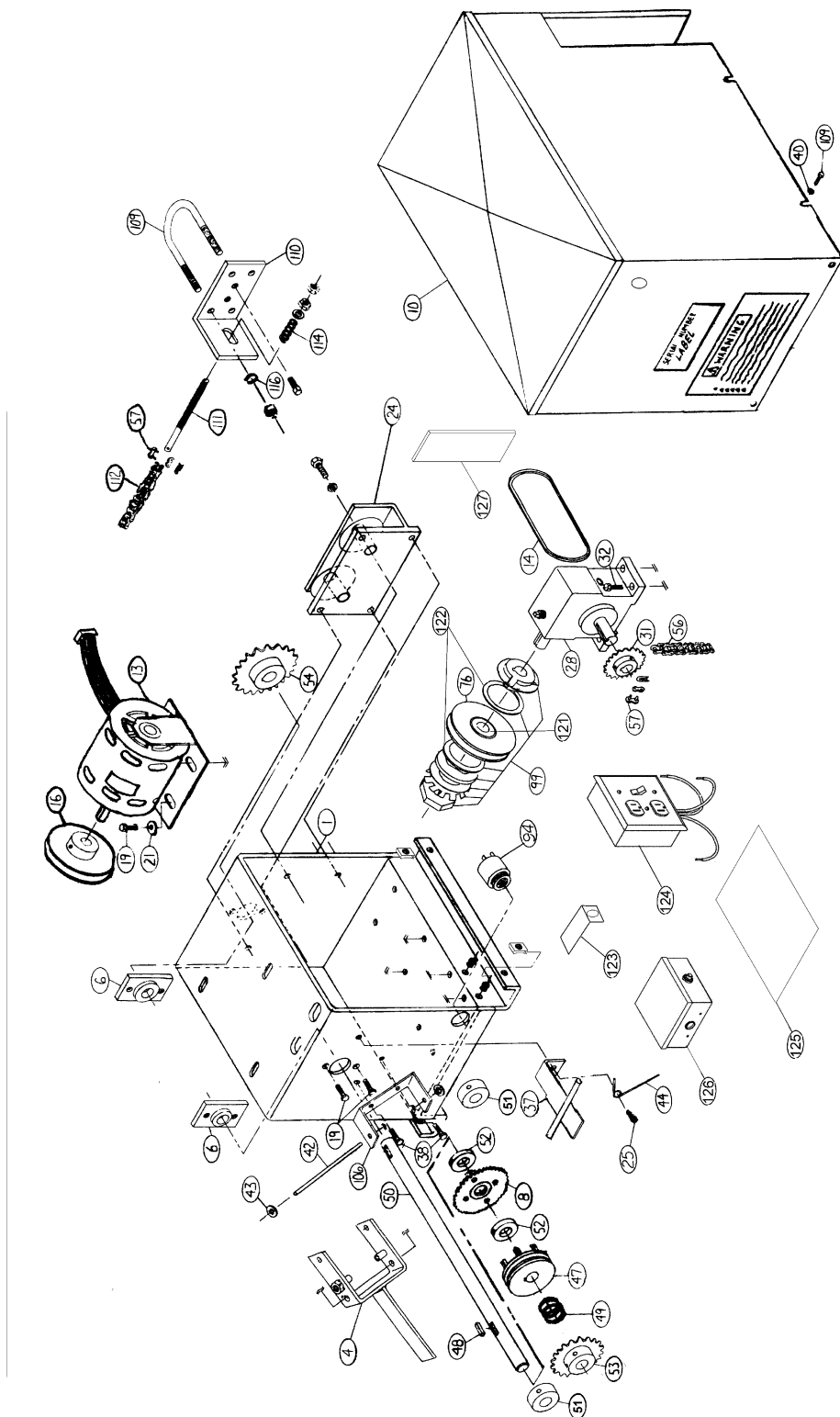
HOW TO ORDER REPLACEMENT PARTS

Use the part numbers listed on the following pages. Contact your **local OSCO dealer** or **distributor** to order parts.

1. Supply the model number and serial number of your operator.
2. Specify the quantity of pieces needed and order by part number and name of part.
3. State whether to ship by freight, truck, parcel post, UPS or air express.
4. State whether transportation charges are to be prepaid or collect.
5. Specify name and address of person or company to whom parts are to be shipped.
6. Specify name and address of person or company to whom invoice is to be sent.

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

MODEL **SSL** MECHANICAL PARTS EXPLODED VIEW

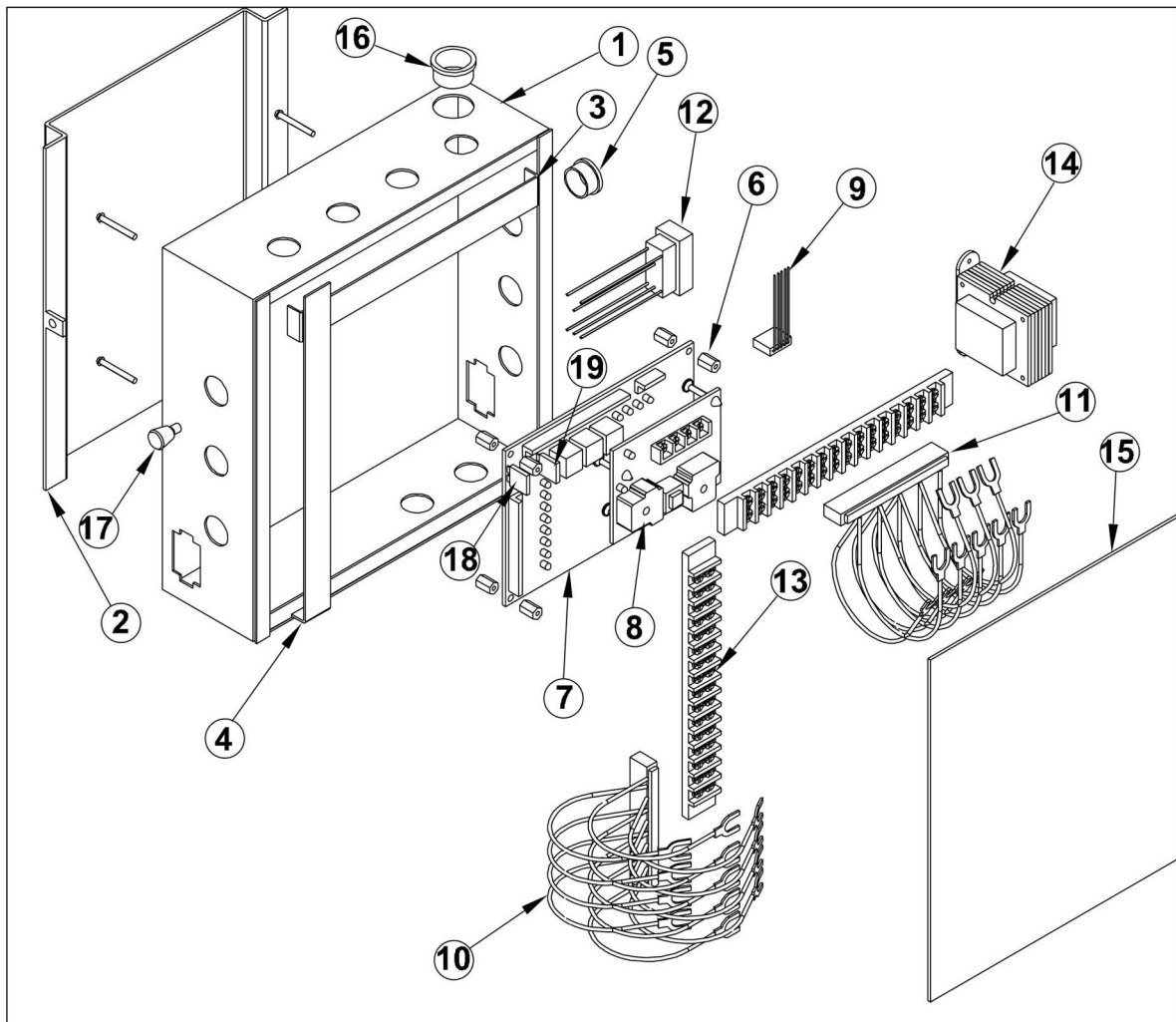


SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

MODEL **SSL** MECHANICAL PARTS LIST

| REF NO. | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | REF NO. | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|-----------|--|---------|------------|--|
| 1 | 2110-518 | Main Frame Assembly | | 2510-064 | Three-Button Station with Lead Wires |
| 4 | 2120-298 | Disconnect Handle Assembly | 76 | 2200-676 | 4" Pulley for Reducer Clutch |
| 6 | 2110-537 | Bearing Block with Flange Bearing | 24 | 2110-699 | Idler Assembly |
| 10 | 2110-448 | Complete Operator Cover Assembly | 7 | 2200-008 | Sprocket, 48 B 10 |
| 106 | 2100-1264 | Fulcrum Bracket | 9 | 2200-857 | #48 Chain, 21 Links |
| 42 | 2100-551 | Fulcrum Rod, 1/4" | 20 | 2200-010 | #48 Master Link |
| 43 | 2400-169 | Push-on Nut, 1/4" | 120 | 2400-128 | #41 Half Link |
| 44 | 2200-670 | Spring for Disconnect Handle | 94 | 2500-867 | Alarm Beeper |
| 8 | 2220-022 | Sprocket, 41 A 24 with Bearing | | 2100-1385 | Accessory Shelf |
| | | | 99 | 2200-713 | Clutch (2" Torque Limiter) |
| 13 | 2510-274 | Motor Assembly, 1/2HP 115VAC with Harness | 121 | 2200-877 | Bushing for Torque Limiter |
| | 2510-275 | Motor Assembly, 1/2 HP 208/230VAC Single Phase, with Harness | 122 | 2300-693 | Friction Disc, pair |
| | | | 123 | 2510-276 | Stop/Reset Button & Bracket Assembly |
| 14 | 2200-109 | V-Belt, 27" | | 2100-1815 | Stop/Reset Button Mounting Bracket |
| 16 | 2200-647 | Motor Pulley, 4" | | 2500-1495 | Stop/Reset Button |
| 28 | 2200-848 | Gear Reducer, 20:1 | 124 | 2510-251-D | Power On/Off Disconnect Assembly with Receptacles (115V Models only) |
| 119 | 2100-1556 | Gear Reducer Base Plate | | 2500-1956 | 115VAC Duplex Receptacles only |
| 31 | 2200-651 | Sprocket, 41 B 20, 3/4" Bore | | 2500-1957 | 115VAC Switch only |
| 37 | 2110-724 | Latch Bracket for Disconnect Lever | | | |
| 47 | 2110-131 | Disconnect Block Assembly | | 2510-252-D | Power On/Off Disconnect Assembly for 230V Models |
| 48 | 2400-004 | Key, 1/4" x 1/4" x 1" | | 2500-2205 | 230VAC Switch only |
| 49 | 2200-115 | Disconnect Spring | | | |
| 50 | 2100-1263 | Drive Shaft | | | |
| 51 | 2200-015 | Set Collar, 1" Bore, 9/16" LTB | 125 | 2100-1795 | Mounting Plate |
| 52 | 2200-014 | Set Collar, 1" Bore, 3/8" LTB | 126 | 2520-396 | Rotary Limit Box Assembly |
| 53 | 2200-845 | Sprocket, 48 B 20, 1" Bore | | 2110-162 | Limit Box Assembly with Cover |
| 54 | 2200-269 | Sprocket, 41 B 20, 1" Bore | | 2100-1764 | Fixed Limit Switch Bracket |
| 56 | 2200-058 | #41 Chain, 21 Links | | 2100-261 | Detent Plate |
| 57 | 2200-027 | #41 Master Link | | 2100-057 | Limit Shaft |
| | | | | 2200-030 | Nylon Limit Nut |
| 110 | 2100-259 | Gate Bracket | | 2500-440 | Limit Switch |
| 111 | 2100-054 | Chain Tension Bolt | | 2200-193 | E-Ring, 1/2" |
| 112 | 2200-150 | #41 Chain, per foot | | 2400-203 | Spring Washer, 1/2" |
| 114 | 2200-367 | Chain Tension Spring | | | |
| | | | 127 | 2300-744 | Rubber Flap |

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE



MODEL SSL CONTROL BOX PARTS LIST

| REF NO. | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION | REF NO. | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|-----------|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|--|
| 1 | 2100-1778 | Control Box Wrapper | 15 | 2300-696 | Clear Control Box Cover |
| 2 | 2100-1757 | Control Box Mounting Plate | | 2300-733 | Velcro Hook for Box Cover |
| 3 | 2100-1762 | Terminal Strip Bracket, Input Side | | 2300-734 | Velcro Loop for Box Cover |
| 4 | 2100-1761 | Terminal Strip Bracket, Output Side | 16 | 2300-735 | Heyco Bushing, 1.09 diameter |
| 5 | 2200-122 | Heyco Bushing, .87 diameter | 17 | 2200-876 | Plunger, Spring Loaded |
| 6 | 2500-1948 | Control Board Standoff | | 2500-867 | Alarm, 24VAC (not shown) |
| 7 | 2510-268 | Control Board | 18 | 2500-1966 | 2 Amp Fuse for Control Board |
| 8 | 2500-1946 | AC Motor Drive Board | 19 | 2500-1975 | 3 Amp Fuse for Control Board |
| | 2510-244 | Control Board with AC Motor Board | | 2520-391-E | Complete Controller Assembly 115VAC (order limit harness and mounting brackets separately) |
| 9 | 2510-259 | Limit Switch Harness Assembly | | 2520-392-E | Complete Controller Assembly 230VAC (order limit harness and mounting brackets separately) |
| 10 | 2510-249 | Input Wire Harness Assembly | | | |
| 11 | 2510-250 | Output Wire Harness Assembly | | | |
| 12 | 2510-261 | Control Box Motor Harness Assembly | | | |
| 13 | 2500-071 | Terminal Strip, 16-141 | | | |
| 14 | 2500-212 | Transformer, 115/24VAC, 40VA | | | |
| | 2500-791 | Transformer, 230/24VAC, 40VA | | | |

Date Prepared: June 12, 1997
Supersedes: February 02, 1996
MSDS Number: 08068

Cette fiche signalétique est aussi disponible en français

1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Identifier: ESSO GEAR OIL GX 75W-90
Application and Use: Transmission and gear lubricant.
Product Description: Mixture of paraffinic and naphthenic hydrocarbons (saturated and unsaturated), and additives.

REGULATORY CLASSIFICATION

WHMIS: Not a controlled product
CEPA: CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT
All components of this product are either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

TDG INFORMATION (RAIL/ROAD):

| | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| Shipping Name: | Not regulated | PIN Number: | Not regulated |
| Class: | Not regulated | | |
| Packing Group: | Not regulated | | |

Please be aware that other regulations may apply.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Emergency 24 hr. 519-339-2145
Technical Info. 800-268-3183

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

IMPERIAL OIL
Products Division
111 St. Clair Ave. West
Toronto, Ontario M5W 1K3
416-968-4111

2. REGULATED COMPONENTS

The following components are defined in accordance with subparagraph 13(a) (I) to (IV) or paragraph 14(a) of the Hazardous Products Act:

| NAME | % | CAS # |
|----------------|---|-------|
| Not applicable | | |

3. TYPICAL PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid
Specific gravity: not available
Viscosity: 15.80 cSt at 100 deg. C
Vapour Density: not available
Boiling point: 230 to 460 deg. C
Evaporation rate: <0.1 (1=n-butylacetate)
Solubility in water: negligible
Freezing/Pour Point: -42 deg. C ASTM D97
Odour Threshold: not available
Vapour Pressure: <0.1 kPa at 20 deg. C
Density: 0.89 g/cc at 15 deg. C
Appearance/odour: yellow oil; petroleum odour

4. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

NATURE OF HAZARD:

INHALATION: Negligible hazard at normal temperatures (up to 38 deg. C). Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mists or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Avoid breathing vapours or mists.
EYE CONTACT: Slightly irritating, but will not injure eye tissue.
SKIN CONTACT: Low toxicity. Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate the skin.
INGESTION: Low toxicity.
ACUTE TOXICITY DATA: Based on animal testing data from similar materials and products, the acute toxicity of this product is expected to be:
Oral: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal: LD50 > 3160 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalation: LC50 > 5000 mg/m3 (rat)
OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT:
ACGIH recommends: For oil mists, 5 mg/m3. Local regulated limits may vary.

5. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: Vapour pressure of this material is low and as such inhalation under normal conditions is usually not a problem. If overexposed to oil mist, remove from further exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep at rest. Call for prompt medical attention.
EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
SKIN CONTACT: Flush with large amounts of water. Use soap if available. Remove severely contaminated clothing (including shoes) and launder before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

6. PREVENTIVE AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES

PERSONAL PROTECTION: The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. In open systems where contact is likely, wear safety goggles, chemical-resistant overalls, and chemically impervious gloves. Where only incidental contact is likely, wear safety glasses with side shields. No other special precautions are necessary provided skin/eye contact is avoided. Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 4 and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.
ENGINEERING CONTROLS: The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fumehood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces.

HANDLING, STORAGE AND SHIPPING: Keep containers closed. Handle and open containers with care. Store in a cool, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Do not handle or store near an open flame, sources of heat, or sources of ignition. Odorous and toxic fumes may form from the decomposition of this product if stored at temperatures in excess of 45 deg. C for extended periods of time or if heat sources in excess of 121 deg. C are used. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

LAND SPILL: Eliminate source of ignition. Keep public away. Prevent additional discharge of material. If possible to do so without hazard. Prevent spills from entering sewers, watercourses or low areas. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. Recover by pumping or by using a suitable absorbent. Consult an expert of disposal or recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

WATER SPILL: Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If allowed by local authorities and environmental agencies, sinking and/or suitable dispersants may be used in unconfined waters. Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

7. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flashpoint and method: 150 deg. C COC ASTM D92
Autoignition: 240 deg. C Flammable Limits: LEL: NA UEL: NA
GENERAL HAZARDS:

Low hazard; liquids may burn upon heating to temperatures at or above the flash point. Decomposes; flammable/toxic gases will form at elevated temperatures (thermal decomposition). Toxic gases will form upon combustion.

FIRE FIGHTING: Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Shut off fuel to fire.

Use foam, dry chemical or water spray to extinguish fire. Respiratory and eye protection required for fire fighting personnel. Avoid spraying water directly into storage containers due to danger of boilover. A self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used for all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires. For small outdoor fires, which may easily be extinguished with a portable fire extinguisher, use of an SCBA may not be required.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and traces of oxides of sulphur. Alkyl mercaptans and sulfides may also be released.

8. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: This product is stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizing agents.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide and sulphur oxides in case of incomplete combustion.

9. NOTES

All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory.

10. PREPARATION

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IMPERIAL OIL
Products Division

MSDS NO. 8068

ESSO GEAR OIL GX EXTRA 75W-90

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

IMPORTANT!

- Always disconnect power from operator before servicing.
- Keep clear of gate during operation.

GENERAL:

OSCO gate operators are designed for many years of trouble-free operation and, under recommended operating conditions, will require only minimal maintenance. To ensure that your unit is ready for operation at all times--and to preclude serious damage or failure--inspect the unit systematically. Proper adjustments and lubrication should be made as recommended.

LUBRICATION:

Bearings. For models which have pillow block style bearings with greaseable fittings, lubricate at least twice a year with a lithium complex based, petroleum oil NLGI 2 rated grease. Oilite and precision sealed bearings do not require additional lubrication.

Motor. Motors have sealed ball bearings and do not require further lubrication. If bearing noise develops after several years of operation, bearings should be replaced by a motor repair company, or the motor should be replaced if necessary.

Drive Chain and Sprocket (slide gate models only). The main drive chain and sprockets should be inspected for wear, cleaned, and wiped down with a lightly oiled rag every six months.

Swing Gate Arm (swing gate models only). Check all bolts for proper tension and tighten if necessary. Make sure the arm folds overextends itself slightly against the overtravel stop to reduce the chance that the gate can be backdriven open. Adjust the close limit slightly if additional travel is required. Lightly lubricate all pivot points with a light machine oil.

Barrier Gate Arm (barrier gate models only). Check all bolts for proper tension and tighten if necessary. If the arm has been warped or damaged, replace as necessary.

ADDITIONAL SIX MONTH PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE:

1. For operators which utilize torque limiting clutches, check for proper tightness. If there appears to be dust from wear on the pads, inspect the pads and replace if necessary. If the clutch cannot be adjusted tightly enough to move the gate without slipping, the pads must be replaced.
2. For operators with V-belts, inspect for wear and replace as necessary. Check for proper tension and adjust if required. Check all pulley setscrews for tightness and tighten if necessary.
3. For operators with internal chain drives, inspect chain and sprockets for wear and replace if necessary. Check for proper tension and alignment, and adjust if required. Check all hub sprocket setscrews and tighten if required.
4. Check limit switches and limit actuators (cams, limit nuts, etc.) for wear and replace as required. In rotary limit switch assemblies, wipe the limit shaft clean and apply a light coating of dry lubricant.
5. For operators with magnetic brakes, check for proper adjustment. Brake disc must run free when the brake is engaged. For brake assemblies other than C-face style, the brake should be adjusted so that the solenoid plunger throw is between 3/8" to 1/2". Too much throw will damage the solenoid. **If the solenoid emits a loud buzzing sound when the motor is run, the brake must be adjusted.**
6. In operators which have a disconnect handle, inspect disconnect handle for proper function and lubricate if necessary. Use a lithium based grease on all moving parts.
7. Inspect all nuts and bolts for proper tightness and tighten as necessary.
8. Check all reversing devices for proper function. Inspect all contact edges for wear and replace if required. Check photo-eyes for proper alignment and function.
9. Check current sensing for proper adjustment when finished with inspection and maintenance.
10. Inspect the installation area. Are all the warning signs intact and visible? If they are missing or need replaced, contact OSCO. Be sure there are no control stations mounted within reach of the gate. Review safety literature with the customer and advise them to remove any such stations found.

For slide and swing gate operators, you must inspect the gate for proper operation. The gate should move easily without binding through its entire travel. If the gate does bind, adjust or fix as required. Failure to keep the gate in good working condition will have adverse effects on the operator.

SSL OPERATOR INSTALLATION GUIDE

GATE OPERATOR INSTALLATION CHECKLIST

| INSTALLER | CUSTOMER | |
|-----------|----------|--|
| _____ | _____ | 1. The gate has been checked to make sure it is level and moves freely in both directions. |
| _____ | _____ | 2. Potential pinch areas have been guarded so as to be inaccessible OR have contact and/or non-contact obstruction sensing devices installed. |
| _____ | _____ | 3. The installer has installed one or more contact or non-contact obstruction sensing devices, in compliance with UL325 requirements for this installation. |
| _____ | _____ | 4. The slide gate has been screened or secured from the bottom of the gate to a minimum of 48 inches above ground to prevent a 2 1/4-inch sphere from passing through the openings anywhere in the gate and in that portion of the adjacent fence that the gate covers when the gate is in the open and closed positions. Picket gates which have spacings less than 2 1/4 inches apart to the minimum height requirement are also acceptable. |
| _____ | _____ | 5. Roller covers have been installed on cantilever gates. |
| _____ | _____ | 6. If pedestrian traffic is expected, a separate pedestrian gate has been installed, a minimum of seven feet from the gate. The customer has been informed that all pedestrian traffic must use the pedestrian gate. |
| _____ | _____ | 7. Warning signs have been installed on each side of the gate in highly visible locations. The customer has been informed that these signs must remain at all times. |
| _____ | _____ | 8. There are no controls installed on the gate operator, or within seven feet of the gate. |
| _____ | _____ | 9. The installer has properly adjusted the obstruction sensing feature and has tested the gate to make sure that the gate stops and reverses a short distance with minimal resistance applied (40 lbs. on a swing gate at the end of the gate, 75 lbs. on a slide gate) |
| _____ | _____ | 10. The installer has instructed the customer in the proper use of the gate operator and reviewed all of the operational functions, obstruction sensing devices, warning beeper and reset, etc. |
| _____ | _____ | 11. The installer has instructed the customer in the proper use of the operator's manual disconnect feature. The manual disconnect must never be used while the gate is in motion. The power switch must be turned off before using the manual disconnect and disengaging the operator. |
| _____ | _____ | 12. The installer has reviewed all safety instructions with the customer, and has left the safety instructions and owner's information sheets for their reference. |
| _____ | _____ | 13. The installer has answered any questions the customer has regarding the operation of the gate operator and gate operator safety precautions. |
| _____ | _____ | 14. The installer has explained to the customer that a regular maintenance schedule for both the gate and the gate operator is recommended. |

By signing this installation checklist, I/we hereby certify that each item listed and checked above has been covered by the installer and is clearly understood by the customer.

Customer Signature

Date

Installer Signature

Date